Coast Guard, DHS § 154.407

(2) Be installed in an area away from the accommodation, service, or control space on type IG hulls;
(3) Be clearly marked;
(4) Be segregated from the cargo piping by a removable spool piece in the cargo area or by at least two shut-off valves in the cargo area that have means of locking to meet §154.1870(a);
(5) Have a means for checking for cargo vapor between the two valves under paragraph (a)(4) of this section;
(6) Have fixed inert gas purging lines; and
(7) Have fixed vent lines for purging with inert gas to meet §154.1870(b).

§ 154.356 Cargo emergency jettisoning piping.

Emergency jettisoning piping must:
(a) Meet §154.355(a);
(b) Be designed to allow cargo discharge without the outer hull steel temperature falling below the minimum temperatures under §§154.170 and 154.172; and
(c) Be specially approved by the Commandant (CG–522).


§ 154.406 Design loads for cargo tanks and fixtures: General.

(a) Calculations must show that a cargo tank and its fixtures are designed for the following loads:
(1) Internal pressure head.
(2) External pressure load.
(3) Dynamic loads resulting from the motion of the vessel.
(4) Transient or stationary thermal loads if the design temperature is colder than -55 °C (-67 °F) or causes thermal stresses in cargo tank supports.
(5) Sloshing loads, if the cargo tank is designed for partial loads.
(6) Loads resulting from vessel’s deflection.
(7) Tank weight, cargo weight, and corresponding support reaction.
(8) Insulation weight.
(9) Loads of a pipe tower and any other attachments to the cargo tank.
(10) Vapor pressure loads in harbor conditions allowed under §154.405.
(11) Gas pressurization if the cargo tank is designed for gas pressurization as a means of cargo transfer.
(b) A cargo tank must be designed for the most unfavorable static heel angle within a 0° to 30° range without exceeding the allowable stress of the material.
(c) A hydrostatic or hydropneumatic test design load must be specially approved by the Commandant (CG–522).


§ 154.407 Cargo tank internal pressure head.

(a) For the calculation required under §154.406(a)(1) and (b), the internal pressure head (h<sub>in</sub>), must be determined from the following formula:

\[ h_{in} = 10 \, P_r \cdot (h_{pd})_{max} \]

where: