(b) Requesting confidential information. Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this section, the authorized officer may make confidential cave information available to a Federal or State governmental agency, bona fide educational or research institute, or individual or organization assisting the land managing agency with cave management activities. To request confidential cave information, such entities shall make a written request to the authorized officer that includes the following:

1. Name, address, and telephone number of the individual responsible for the security of the information received.
2. A legal description of the area for which the information is sought.
3. A statement of the purpose for which the information is sought, and
4. Written assurances that the requesting party will maintain the confidentiality of the information and protect the cave and its resources.

(c) Decision final. Decisions to permit or deny access to confidential cave information are made at the sole discretion of the authorized officer and are not subject to further administrative review or appeal under 5 U.S.C. 552 or 43 CFR parts 2 or 4.

PART 38—PAY OF U.S. PARK POLICE—INTERIM GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENTS

§ 38.3 Interim geographic adjustment area means any of the following Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Areas (CMSAs) as defined by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).

1. New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT; and
2. San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA.

Official duty station means the duty station for an employee’s position of record as indicated on his or her most recent notification of personnel action.

Scheduled annual rate of pay means—

1. The U.S. Park Police rate of basic pay for the employee’s rank and step, exclusive of additional pay of any kind;
2. A retained rate of pay, where applicable, exclusive of additional pay of any kind.

§ 38.2 Computation of hourly, daily, weekly, and biweekly adjusted rates of pay.

When it is necessary to convert the adjusted annual rate of pay to an hourly, daily, weekly, or biweekly rate, the following methods apply:

(a) To derive an hourly rate, divide the adjusted annual rate of pay by 2,087 and round to the nearest cent, counting one-half cent and over as a whole cent;
(b) To derive a daily rate, multiply the hourly rate by the number of daily hours of service required;
(c) To derive a weekly or biweekly rate, multiply the hourly rate by 40 or 80, as the case may be.

§ 38.3 Administration of adjusted rates of pay.

(a) An employee is entitled to be paid the greater of—

1. The adjusted annual rate of pay; or
2. His or her rate of basic pay (including a local special salary rate, where applicable), without regard to any adjustment under this section.

(b) An adjusted rate of pay is considered basic pay for purposes of computing:

1. Retirement deductions and benefits;
2. Life insurance premiums and benefits;
3. Premium pay;
4. Severance pay;