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“normal or negative” (category “B” on the scoring system chart), then the examinee’s point value on that slide is calculated as minus five (–5). Each slide is scored individually in the same manner. The individual’s score for the testing event is determined by adding the point value achieved for each slide preparation, dividing by the total points for the testing event and multiplying by 100.

(C) Criteria for scoring system for a 10-slide test set. (See table at (b)(3)(ii)(A) of this section for a description of the response categories.) For technical supervisors qualified under § 493.1449(b) or (k):

| Examinee’s response: | A | B | C | D |
|----------------------------|----|----|----|----|
| Correct response category: | | | | |
| A | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| B | 5 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| C | 5 | 0 | 10 | 5 |
| D | 0 | –5 | 5 | 10 |

(D) Criteria for scoring system for a 10-slide test set. (See table at paragraph (b)(3)(ii)(A) of this section for a description of the response categories.) For cytotechnologists qualified under §§ 493.1469 or 493.1483:

| Examinee’s response: | A | B | C | D |
|----------------------------|----|----|----|----|
| Correct response category: | | | | |
| A | 10 | 0 | 5 | 5 |
| B | 5 | 10 | 5 | 5 |
| C | 5 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| D | 0 | –5 | 10 | 10 |

(E) In accordance with the criteria for the scoring system, the charts in paragraphs (b)(3)(ii)(F) and (G) of this section, for technical supervisors and cytotechnologists, respectively, provide maximums of 5 points for a correct response and minus ten (–10) points for an incorrect response on a 20-slide test set.

(F) Criteria for scoring system for a 20-slide test set. (See table at paragraph (b)(3)(ii)(A) of this section for a description of the response categories.) For technical supervisors qualified under § 493.1449(b) or (k):

| Examinee’s response: | A | B | C | D |
|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Correct response category: | | | | |
| A | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| B | 2.5 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| C | 2.5 | 0 | 5 | 2.5 |
| D | 0 | –10 | 2.5 | 5 |

(G) Criteria for scoring system for a 20-slide test set. (See table at (b)(3)(ii)(A) of this section for a description of the response categories.) For cytotechnologists qualified under §§ 493.1469 or 493.1483:

| Examinee’s response: | A | B | C | D |
|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Correct response category: | | | | |
| A | 5 | 0 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| B | 2.5 | 5 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| C | 2.5 | 0 | 5 | 5 |
| D | 0 | –10 | 5 | 5 |

[57 FR 7151, Feb. 28, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 5229, Jan. 19, 1993; 68 FR 3702, Jan. 24, 2003]

§ 493.959 **Immunoematology.**

(a) *Types of services offered by laboratories.* In immunoematology, there are four types of laboratories for proficiency testing purposes—

- (1) Those that perform ABO group and/or D (Rho) typing;
- (2) Those that perform ABO group and/or D (Rho) typing, and unexpected antibody detection;
- (3) Those that in addition to paragraph (a)(2) of this section perform compatibility testing; and
- (4) Those that perform in addition to paragraph (a)(3) of this section anti-body identification.

(b) *Program content and frequency of challenge.* To be approved for proficiency testing for immunoematology, a program must provide a minimum of five samples per testing event. There must be at least three testing events at approximately equal intervals per year. The annual program must provide samples that cover the full range of interpretation that would be expected in patient specimens. The samples may be provided through mailed shipments or, at HHS’ option, may be provided to HHS or its designee for on-site testing.

(c) *Challenges per testing event.* The minimum number of challenges per testing event a program must provide for each analyte or test procedure is five.

Analyte or Test Procedure

- ABO group (excluding subgroups)
- D (Rho) typing
- Unexpected antibody detection
- Compatibility testing

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Antibody identification

(d) *Evaluation of a laboratory's analyte or test performance.* HHS approves only those programs that assess the accuracy of a laboratory's response in accordance with paragraphs (d)(1) through (5) of this section.

(1) To determine the accuracy of a laboratory's response, a program must compare the laboratory's response for each analyte with the response that reflects agreement of either 100 percent of ten or more referee laboratories or 95 percent or more of all participating laboratories except for unexpected antibody detection and antibody identification. To determine the accuracy of a laboratory's response for unexpected antibody detection and antibody identification, a program must compare the laboratory's response for each analyte with the response that reflects agreement of either 95 percent of ten or more referee laboratories or 95 percent

or more of all participating laboratories. The score for a sample in immunohematology is either the score determined under paragraph (d)(2) or (3) of this section.

(2) *Criteria for acceptable performance.* The criteria for acceptable performance are—

| Analyte or test | Criteria for acceptable performance |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ABO group | 100% accuracy. |
| D (Rho) typing | 100% accuracy. |
| Unexpected antibody detection | 80% accuracy. |
| Compatibility testing | 100% accuracy. |
| Antibody identification | 80% accuracy. |

(3) The criterion for acceptable performance for qualitative immunohematology tests is positive or negative.

(4) To determine the analyte testing event score, the number of acceptable analyte responses must be averaged using the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Number of acceptable responses for the analyte}}{\text{Total number of challenges for the analyte}} \times 100 = \text{Analyte score for the testing event}$$

(5) To determine the overall testing event score, the number of correct re-

sponses for all analytes must be averaged using the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Number of acceptable responses for all challenges}}{\text{Total number of all challenges}} \times 100 = \text{Testing event score}$$

Subpart J—Facility Administration for Nonwaived Testing

SOURCE: 68 FR 3703, Jan. 24, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

§ 493.1100 Condition: Facility administration.

Each laboratory that performs nonwaived testing must meet the applicable requirements under §§ 493.1101 through 493.1105, unless HHS approves a procedure that provides equivalent quality testing as specified in Appendix C of the State Operations Manual (CMS Pub. 7).

§ 493.1101 Standard: Facilities.

(a) The laboratory must be constructed, arranged, and maintained to ensure the following:

(1) The space, ventilation, and utilities necessary for conducting all phases of the testing process.

(2) Contamination of patient specimens, equipment, instruments, reagents, materials, and supplies is minimized.

(3) Molecular amplification procedures that are not contained in closed systems have a uni-directional workflow. This must include separate