If a center performs living donor transplants, the center also must use written donor selection criteria in determining the suitability of candidates for donation.

(a) **Standard: Patient selection.** Patient selection criteria must ensure fair and non-discriminatory distribution of organs.

1. Prior to placement on the center’s waiting list, a prospective transplant candidate must receive a psychosocial evaluation, if possible.

2. Before a transplant center places a transplant candidate on its waiting list, the candidate’s medical record must contain documentation that the candidate’s blood type has been determined.

3. When a patient is placed on a center’s waiting list or is selected to receive a transplant, the center must document in the patient’s medical record the patient selection criteria used.

4. A transplant center must provide a copy of its patient selection criteria to a transplant patient, or a dialysis facility, as requested by a patient or a dialysis facility.

(b) **Standard: Living donor selection.** The living donor selection criteria must be consistent with the general principles of medical ethics. Transplant centers must:

1. Ensure that a prospective living donor receives a medical and psychosocial evaluation prior to donation.

2. Document in the living donor’s medical record the living donor’s suitability for donation, and

3. Document that the living donor has given informed consent, as required under §482.102.

### §482.94 Condition of participation: Patient and living donor management.

Transplant centers must have written patient management policies for the transplant and discharge phases of transplantation. If a transplant center performs living donor transplants, the center also must have written donor management policies for the donor evaluation, donation, and discharge phases of donation.

(a) **Standard: Patient and living donor care.** The transplant center’s patient and donor management policies must ensure that:

1. Each transplant patient is under the care of a multidisciplinary patient care team coordinated by a physician throughout the transplant and discharge phases of transplantation; and

2. If a center performs living donor transplants, each living donor is under the care of a multidisciplinary patient care team coordinated by a physician throughout the donor evaluation, donation, and discharge phases of donation.

(b) **Standard: Waiting list management.** Transplant centers must keep their