

§ 422.400

(i) Unconditionally fulfill the financial obligation covered by the guarantee; and

(ii) Not subordinate the guarantee to any other claim on the resources of the guarantor;

(3) Declare that the guarantor must act on a timely basis, in any case not more than 5 business days, to satisfy the financial obligation covered by the guarantee; and

(4) Meet other conditions as CMS may establish from time to time.

(e) *Reporting requirement.* A PSO must submit to CMS the current internal financial statements and annual audited financial statements of the guarantor according to the schedule, manner, and form that CMS requests.

(f) *Modification, substitution, and termination of a guarantee.* A PSO cannot modify, substitute or terminate a guarantee unless the PSO—

(1) Requests CMS's approval at least 90 days before the proposed effective date of the modification, substitution, or termination;

(2) Demonstrates to CMS's satisfaction that the modification, substitution, or termination will not result in insolvency of the PSO; and

(3) Demonstrates how the PSO will meet the requirements of this section.

(g) *Nullification.* If at any time the guarantor or the guarantee ceases to meet the requirements of this section, CMS will notify the PSO that it ceases to recognize the guarantee document. In the event of this nullification, a PSO must—

(1) Meet the applicable requirements of this section within 15 business days; and

(2) If required by CMS, meet a portion of the applicable requirements in less than the time period granted in paragraph (g)(1) of this section.

[63 FR 25379, May 7, 1998]

Subpart I—Organization Compliance With State Law and Preemption by Federal Law

SOURCE: 63 FR 35099, June 26, 1998, unless otherwise noted.

42 CFR Ch. IV (10–1–10 Edition)

§ 422.400 State licensure requirement.

Except in the case of a PSO granted a waiver under subpart H of this part, each MA organization must—

(a) Be licensed under State law, or otherwise authorized to operate under State law, as a risk-bearing entity (as defined in §422.2) eligible to offer health insurance or health benefits coverage in each State in which it offers one or more MA plans;

(b) If not commercially licensed, obtain certification from the State that the organization meets a level of financial solvency and such other standards as the State may require for it to operate as an MA organization; and

(c) Demonstrate to CMS that—

(1) The scope of its license or authority allows the organization to offer the type of MA plan or plans that it intends to offer in the State; and

(2) If applicable, it has obtained the State certification required under paragraph (b) of this section.

§ 422.402 Federal preemption of State law.

The standards established under this part supersede any State law or regulation (other than State licensing laws or State laws relating to plan solvency) with respect to the MA plans that are offered by MA organizations.

[70 FR 4733, Jan. 28, 2005]

§ 422.404 State premium taxes prohibited.

(a) *Basic rule.* No premium tax, fee, or other similar assessment may be imposed by any State, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and American Samoa, or any of their political subdivisions or other governmental authorities with respect to any payment CMS makes on behalf of MA enrollees under subpart G of this part, or with respect to any payment made to MA plans by beneficiaries, or payment to MA plans by a third party on a beneficiary's behalf.

(b) *Construction.* Nothing in this section shall be construed to exempt any MA organization from taxes, fees, or other monetary assessments related to the net income or profit that accrues to, or is realized by, the organization