Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, HHS

§ 417.542 Reinsurance costs.
Reinsurance costs are not allowable.

§ 417.544 Physicians’ services furnished directly by the HMO or CMP.

(a) Principles. (1) Compensation paid by an HMO or CMP to physicians is an allowable cost to the extent that it is commensurate with the compensation paid for similar services performed by similar physicians practicing in the same or a similar locality.

(2) Physician compensation may take various forms, but the aggregate compensation allowable must be reasonable in relation to the services personally furnished.

(3) If aggregate physician compensation costs exceed what is normally incurred, the excess is not a reasonable cost.

(b) Application. (1) In determining the allowability of the costs of physicians’ services, the cost of personal services (for example, expenses attributable to salaries, wages, incentive payments, fringe benefits) must be distinguished from the cost of nonpersonal services (for example, expenses attributable to facilities, equipment, support personnel, supplies).

(2) To be allowable, compensation must be reasonable in relation to the personal services furnished.

§ 417.546 Physicians’ services and other Part B supplier services furnished under arrangements.

General principle. The amount paid by an HMO or CMP for physicians’ services and other Part B supplier services furnished under arrangements is an allowable cost to the extent it is reasonable. Costs are considered reasonable if they—

(a) Do not exceed those that a prudent and cost-conscious buyer would incur to purchase those services; and

(b) Are comparable to costs incurred for similar services furnished by similar physicians or other suppliers in the same or a similar geographic area.

§ 417.548 Provider services through arrangements.

(a) Principle. The cost incurred by an HMO or CMP for covered services furnished under arrangement with a provider is allowable to the extent that it would be allowable and payable under parts 412 and 413 of this chapter, unless the HMO or CMP petitions CMS and demonstrates to HFCA’s satisfaction that payment in excess of the amount authorized under parts 412 and 413 of this chapter is justified on the basis of advantages gained by the HMO or CMP.

(b) Application. An advantage gained must represent a real and tangible benefit received by the HMO or CMP for the excess cost incurred, and any excess payment is subject to other applicable requirements of parts 405, 412 and 413 of this chapter, including tests of reasonableness.

(c) Example. In the case of an arrangement an HMO or CMP has with a provider that is located outside the HMO’s or CMP’s geographic area and that is not related to the HMO or CMP by common ownership or control, payment of the provider’s charges to the HMO or CMP (rather than the payment amounts determined under part 412 or part 413 of this chapter) may be justified in exchange for the advantages of not having to incur the administrative costs of determining the provider’s reasonable cost and of making a more timely final settlement with the HMO or CMP. However, repayment of the provider’s charges would be acceptable only if—

(1) The provider furnishes services to the HMO’s or CMP’s enrollees infrequently;

(2) The charges represent an insignificant portion of total Medicare reimbursement to the HMO or CMP; and

(3) The charges do not exceed the customary charges by the provider to its other patients for similar services.

§ 417.550 Special Medicare program requirements.

(a) Principle. CMS pays the full reasonable cost incurred by an HMO or CMP for activities that are solely for