Based, and responses to comments and suggestions from the public.

[71 FR 69786, Dec. 1, 2006, as amended at 72 FR 66401, Nov. 27, 2007]

§ 414.508 Payment for a new clinical diagnostic laboratory test.

For a new clinical diagnostic laboratory test that is assigned a new or substantially revised code on or after January 1, 2005, CMS determines the payment amount based on either of the following:

(a) Crosswalking. Crosswalking is used if it is determined that a new test is comparable to an existing test, multiple existing test codes, or a portion of an existing test code.

(1) CMS assigns to the new test code, the local fee schedule amounts and national limitation amount of the existing test.

(2) Payment for the new test code is made at the lesser of the local fee schedule amount or the national limitation amount.

(b) Gapfilling. Gapfilling is used when no comparable existing test is available.

(1) In the first year, carrier-specific amounts are established for the new test code using the following sources of information to determine gapfill amounts, if available:

(i) Charges for the test and routine discounts to charges;

(ii) Resources required to perform the test;

(iii) Payment amounts determined by other payers; and

(iv) Charges, payment amounts, and resources required for other tests that may be comparable or otherwise relevant.

(2) In the second year, the test code is paid at the national limitation amount, which is the median of the carrier-specific amounts.

(3) For a new test for which a new or substantially revised HCPCS code was assigned on or before December 31, 2007, after the first year of gapfilling, CMS determines whether the carrier-specific amounts will pay for the test appropriately. If CMS determines that the carrier-specific amounts will not pay for the test appropriately, CMS may crosswalk the test.

[71 FR 69786, Dec. 1, 2006, as amended at 72 FR 66401, Nov. 27, 2007]

§ 414.509 Reconsideration of basis for and amount of payment for a new clinical diagnostic laboratory test.

For a new test for which a new or substantially revised HCPCS code was assigned on or after January 1, 2008, the following reconsideration procedures apply:

(a) Reconsideration of basis for payment. (1) CMS will receive reconsideration requests in written format for 60 days after making a determination of the basis for payment under § 414.506(d)(2) regarding whether CMS should reconsider the basis for payment and why a different basis for payment would be more appropriate. If a requestor recommends that the basis for payment should be changed from gapfilling to crosswalking, the requestor may also recommend the code or codes to which to crosswalk the new test.

(2)(i) A requestor that submitted a request under paragraph (a)(1) of this section may also present its reconsideration request at the public meeting convened under § 414.506(c), provided that the requestor requests an opportunity to present at the public meeting as part of its written submission under paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

(ii) If the requestor presents its reconsideration request at the public meeting convened under § 414.506(c), members of the public may comment on the reconsideration request verbally at the public meeting and may submit written comments after the public meeting (within the timeframe for public comments established by CMS).

(3) Considering reconsideration requests and other comments received, CMS may reconsider its determination of the basis for payment. As the result of such a reconsideration, CMS may change the basis for payment from crosswalking to gapfilling or from gapfilling to crosswalking.

(4) If the basis for payment is revised as the result of a reconsideration, the new basis for payment is final and is not subject to further reconsideration.

61
§414.510 Laboratory date of service for clinical laboratory and pathology specimens.

The date of service for either a clinical laboratory test or the technical component of physician pathology service is as follows:

(a) Except as provided under paragraph (b) of this section, the date of service of the test must be the date the specimen was collected.

(b)(1) If a specimen was collected over a period that spans 2 calendar days, then the date of service must be the date the collection ended.

(2) In the case of a test performed on a stored specimen, if a specimen was stored for—

1. Less than or equal to 30 calendar days from the date it was collected, the date of service of the test must be the date the test was performed only if—

(b) Reconsideration of amount of payment—(1) Crosswalking. (i) For 60 days after making a determination under §414.506(d)(2) of the code or codes to which a new test will be crosswalked, CMS receives reconsideration requests in written format regarding whether CMS should reconsider its determination and the recommended code or codes to which to crosswalk the new test.

(ii)(A) A requestor that submitted a request under paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section may also present its reconsideration request at the public meeting convened under §414.506(c), provided that the requestor requests an opportunity to present at the public meeting as part of its written submission under paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section.

(B) If a requestor presents its reconsideration request at the public meeting convened under §414.506(c), members of the public may comment on the reconsideration request verbally at the public meeting and may submit written comments after the public meeting (within the timeframe for public comments established by CMS).

(iii) Considering comments received, CMS may reconsider its determination of the amount of payment. As the result of such a reconsideration, CMS may change the code or codes to which the new test is crosswalked.

(iv) If CMS changes the basis for payment from gapfilling to crosswalking as a result of a reconsideration, the crosswalked amount of payment is final and is not subject to further reconsideration.

(2) Gapfilling. (i) By April 30 of the year after CMS makes a determination under §414.506(d)(2) or §414.509(a)(3) that the basis for payment for a new test will be gapfilling, CMS posts interim carrier-specific amounts on the CMS Web site.

(ii) For 60 days after CMS posts interim carrier-specific amounts on the CMS Web site, CMS will receive public comments in written format regarding the interim carrier-specific amounts.

(iii) After considering the public comments, CMS will post final carrier-specific amounts on the CMS Web site.

(iv) For 30 days after CMS posts final carrier-specific amounts on the CMS Web site, CMS will receive reconsideration requests in written format regarding whether CMS should reconsider the final payment amounts and the appropriate national limitation amount for the new test.

(v) Considering reconsideration requests received, CMS may reconsider its determination of the amount of payment. As the result of a reconsideration, CMS may revise the national limitation amount for the new test.

(3) For both gapfilled and crosswalked new tests, if CMS revises the amount of payment as the result of a reconsideration, the new amount of payment is final and is not subject to further reconsideration.

(c) Effective date. If CMS changes a determination as the result of a reconsideration, the new determination regarding the basis for or amount of payment is effective January 1 of the year following reconsideration. Claims for services with dates of service prior to the effective date will not be reopened or otherwise reprocessed.

(d) Jurisdiction for reconsideration decisions. Jurisdiction for reconsidering a determination rests exclusively with the Secretary. A decision whether to reconsider a determination is committed to the discretion of the Secretary. A decision not to reconsider an initial determination is not subject to administrative or judicial review.