§ 414.232 Special payment rules for transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulators (TENS).

(a) General payment rule. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, payment for TENS is made on a purchase basis with the purchase price determined using the methodology for purchase of inexpensive or routinely purchased items as described in § 414.220. The payment amount for TENS computed under § 414.220(c)(2) is reduced according to the following formula:

(1) Effective April 1, 1990—the original payment amount is reduced by 15 percent.

(2) Effective January 1, 1991—the reduced payment amount in paragraph (a)(1) is reduced by 15 percent.

(3) Effective January 1, 1994—the reduced payment amount in paragraph (a)(1) is reduced by 45 percent.

(b) Exception. In order to permit an attending physician time to determine whether the purchase of the TENS is medically appropriate for a particular patient, two months of rental payments may be made in addition to the purchase price. The rental payments are equal to 10 percent of the purchase price.

[57 FR 57692, Dec. 7, 1992, as amended at 60 FR 35698, July 10, 1995]

Subpart E—Determination of Reasonable Charges Under the ESRD Program

§ 414.300 Scope of subpart.

This subpart sets forth criteria and procedures for payment of the following services furnished to ESRD patients:

(a) Physician services related to renal dialysis.

(b) Physician services related to renal transplantation.

(c) Home dialysis equipment, supplies, and support services.

(d) Epoetin (EPO) furnished by a supplier of home dialysis equipment and supplies to a home dialysis patient for use in the home.


§ 414.310 Determination of reasonable charges for physician services furnished to renal dialysis patients.

(a) Principle. Physician services furnished to renal dialysis patients are subject to payment if the services are otherwise covered by the Medicare program and if they are considered reasonable and medically necessary in accordance with section 1862(a)(1)(A) of the Act.

(b) Scope and applicability—(1) Scope. This section pertains to physician services furnished to the following patients:

(i) Outpatient maintenance dialysis patients who dialyze—

(A) In an independent or hospital-based ESRD facility, or

(B) At home.

(ii) Hospital inpatients for which the physician elects to continue payment under the monthly capitation payment (MCP) method described in § 414.314.

(2) Applicability. These provisions apply to routine professional services of physicians. They do not apply to administrative services performed by physicians, which are paid for as part of a prospective payment for dialysis services made to the facility under § 413.170 of this chapter.

(c) Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

Administrative services are physician services that are differentiated from routine professional services and other physician services because they are supervision, as described in the definition of “supervision of staff” of this section, or are not related directly to the care of an individual patient, but are supportive of the facility as a whole and of benefit to patients in general. Examples of administrative services include supervision of staff, staff training, participation in staff conferences and in the management of the facility, and advising staff on the procurement of supplies.

Dialysis session is the period of time that begins when the patient arrives at
the facility and ends when the patient departs from the facility. In the case of home dialysis, the period begins when the patient prepares for dialysis and generally ends when the patient is disconnected from the machine. In this context, a dialysis facility includes only those parts of the building used as a facility. It does not include any areas used as a physician’s office.

Medical direction, in contrast to supervision of staff, is a routine professional service that entails substantial direct involvement and the physical presence of the physician in the delivery of services directly to the patient.

Routine professional services include all physicians’ services furnished during a dialysis session and all services listed in paragraph (d) of this section that meet the following requirements:

1. They are personally furnished by a physician to an individual patient.
2. They contribute directly to the diagnosis or treatment of an individual patient.
3. They ordinarily must be performed by a physician.

Supervision of staff, in contrast to medical direction, is an administrative service that does not necessarily require the physician to be present at the dialysis session. It is a general activity primarily concerned with monitoring performance of and giving guidance to other health care personnel (such as nurses and dialysis technicians) who deliver services to patients.

(d) Types of routine professional services. Routine professional services include at least all of the following services when medically appropriate:

1. Visits to the patient during dialysis, and review of laboratory test results, nurses’ notes and any other medical documentation, as a basis for—
   i. Adjustment of the patient’s medication or diet, or the dialysis procedure;
   ii. Prescription of medical supplies; and
   iii. Evaluation of the patient’s psychosocial status and the appropriateness of the treatment modality.
2. Medical direction of staff in delivering services to a patient during a dialysis session.
3. Pre-dialysis and post-dialysis examinations, or examinations that could have been furnished on a pre-dialysis or post-dialysis basis.
4. Insertion of catheters for patients who are on peritoneal dialysis and do not have indwelling catheters.

(e) Payment for routine professional services. Beginning August 7, 1990, routine professional services furnished by physicians may be paid under either the “initial method” of payment described in §414.313, (if all of the physicians at the facility elect the initial method) or under the “physician MCP method” described in §414.314. Physician services furnished after July 31, 1983 and before August 6, 1990, are payable only under the MCP method described in §414.314.

§ 414.313 Initial method of payment.

(a) Basic rule. Under this method, the intermediary pays the facility for routine professional services furnished by physicians. Payment is in the form of an add-on to the facility’s composite rate payment, which is described in part 413, subpart H of this subchapter.

(b) Services for which payment is not included in the add-on payment. (1) Physician administrative services are considered to be facility services and are paid for as part of the facility’s composite rate.

(2) The carrier pays the physician or the beneficiary (as appropriate) under the reasonable charge criteria set forth in subpart E of part 405 of this chapter for the following services:

   i. Physician services that must be furnished at a time other than during the dialysis session (excluding pre-dialysis and post-dialysis examinations and examinations that could have been furnished on a pre-dialysis or post-dialysis basis), such as monthly and semi-annual examinations to review health status and treatment.
   ii. Physician surgical services other than insertion of catheters for patients who are on peritoneal dialysis and do not have indwelling catheters.
   iii. Physician services furnished to hospital inpatients who were not admitted solely to receive maintenance dialysis.
   iv. Administration of hepatitis B vaccine.

(c) Physician election of the initial method. (1) Each physician in a facility