#### §410.24

- (ii) A direct ophthalmoscopy examination, or a slit-lamp biomicroscopic examination.
- (b) Condition for coverage of screening for glaucoma. Medicare Part B pays for glaucoma screening examinations provided to eligible beneficiaries as described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section if they are furnished by or under the direct supervision in the office setting of an optometrist or ophthalmologist who is legally authorized to perform these services under State law (or the State regulatory mechanism provided by State law) of the State in which the services are furnished, as would otherwise be covered if furnished by a physician or incident to a physician's professional service.
- (c) Limitations on coverage of glaucoma screening examinations. (1) Payment may not be made for a glaucoma screening examination that is performed for an individual who is not an eligible beneficiary as described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.
- (2) Payment may be made for a glaucoma screening examination that is performed on an individual who is an eligible beneficiary as described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, after at least 11 months have passed following the month in which the last glaucoma screening examination was performed.

[66 FR 55328, Nov. 1, 2001, as amended at 70 FR 70330, Nov. 21, 2005]

## § 410.24 Limitations on services of a doctor of dental surgery or dental medicine.

Medicare Part B pays for services furnished by a doctor of dental surgery or dental medicine within the scope of his or her license, if the services would be covered as physicians' services when performed by a doctor of medicine or osteopathy. <sup>1</sup>

[51 FR 41339, Nov. 14, 1986, as amended at 56 FR 8852, Mar. 1, 1991]

### § 410.25 Limitations on services of a podiatrist.

Medicare Part B pays for the services of a doctor of podiatric medicine, acting within the scope of his or her license, if the services would be covered as physicians' services when performed by a doctor of medicine or osteopathy.

## § 410.26 Services and supplies incident to a physician's professional services; Conditions.

- (a) *Definitions*. For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
- (1) Auxiliary personnel means any individual who is acting under the supervision of a physician (or other practitioner), regardless of whether the individual is an employee, leased employee, or independent contractor of the physician (or other practitioner) or of the same entity that employs or contracts with the physician (or other practitioner).
- (2) Direct supervision means the level of supervision by the physician (or other practitioner) of auxiliary personnel as defined in §410.32(b)(3)(ii).
- (3) Independent contractor means an individual (or an entity that has hired such an individual) who performs parttime or full-time work for which the individual (or the entity that has hired such an individual) receives an IRS-1099 form.
- (4) Leased employment means an employment relationship that is recognized by applicable State law and that is established by two employers by a contract such that one employer hires the services of an employee of the other employer.
- (5) Noninstitutional setting means all settings other than a hospital or skilled nursing facility.
- (6) *Practitioner* means a non-physician practitioner who is authorized by the Act to receive payment for services incident to his or her own services.
- (7) Services and supplies means any services or supplies (including drugs or biologicals that are not usually self-administered) that are included in section 1861(s)(2)(A) of the Act and are not specifically listed in the Act as a separate benefit included in the Medicare program.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For services furnished before July 1, 1981, Medicare Part B paid only for the following services of a doctor of dental surgery or dental medicine:

Surgery on the jaw or any adjoining structure; and

Reduction of a fracture of the jaw or other facial bone.

- (b) Medicare Part B pays for services and supplies incident to the service of a physician (or other practitioner).
- (1) Services and supplies must be furnished in a noninstitutional setting to noninstitutional patients.
- (2) Services and supplies must be an integral, though incidental, part of the service of a physician (or other practitioner) in the course of diagnosis or treatment of an injury or illness.
- (3) Services and supplies must be commonly furnished without charge or included in the bill of a physician (or other practitioner).
- (4) Services and supplies must be of a type that are commonly furnished in the office or clinic of a physician (or other practitioner).
- (5) Services and supplies must be furnished under the direct supervision of the physician (or other practitioner). The physician (or other practitioner) directly supervising the auxiliary personnel need not be the same physician (or other practitioner) upon whose professional service the incident to service is based.
- (6) Services and supplies must be furnished by the physician, practitioner with an incident to benefit, or auxiliary personnel.
- (7) A physician (or other practitioner) may be an employee or an independent contractor.
- (c) *Limitations*. (1) Drugs and biologicals are also subject to the limitations specified in § 410.29.
- (2) Physical therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services provided incident to a physician's professional services are subject to the provisions established in §§410.59(a)(3)(iii), 410.60(a)(3)(iii), and 410.62(a)(3)(ii).
- [51 FR 41339, Nov. 14, 1986, as amended at 66 FR 55328, Nov. 1, 2001; 67 FR 20684, Apr. 26, 2002; 69 FR 66421, Nov. 15, 2004]

# §410.27 Outpatient hospital or CAH services and supplies incident to a physician or nonphysician practitioner service: Conditions.

(a) Medicare Part B pays for hospital or CAH services and supplies furnished incident to a physician or nonphysician practitioner service to outpatients, including drugs and biologicals that cannot be self-administered, if—

- (1) They are furnished—
- (i) By or under arrangements made by the participating hospital or CAH, except in the case of a SNF resident as provided in §411.15(p) of this chapter;
- (ii) As an integral though incidental part of a physician's or nonphysician practitioner's services;
- (iii) In the hospital or CAH or in a department of the hospital or CAH, as defined in §413.65 of this subchapter; and
- (iv) Under the direct supervision of a physician or a nonphysician practitioner as specified in paragraph (f) of this section. Nonphysician practitioners may directly supervise services that they may personally furnish in accordance with State law and all additional requirements, including those specified in §§410.71, 410.73, 410.74, 410.75, 410.76, and 410.77.
- (A) For services furnished in the hospital or CAH or in an on-campus outpatient department of the hospital or CAH, as defined in §413.65 of this subchapter, "direct supervision" means that the physician or nonphysician practitioner must be present on the same campus and immediately available to furnish assistance and direction throughout the performance of the procedure. It does not mean that the physician or nonphysician practitioner must be present in the room when the procedure is performed. For pulmonary rehabilitation, cardiac rehabilitation, and intensive cardiac rehabilitation services, direct supervision must be furnished by a doctor of medicine or osteopathy, as specified in §§410.47 and 410.49, respectively.
- (B) For services furnished in an offcampus outpatient department of the hospital or CAH, as defined in §413.65 of this subchapter, "direct supervision" means the physician or nonphysician practitioner must be present in the offcampus provider-based department of the hospital or CAH and immediately available to furnish assistance and direction throughout the performance of the procedure. It does not mean that the physician or nonphysician practitioner must be present in the room when the procedure is performed. For pulmonary rehabilitation, cardiac rehabilitation, and intensive cardiac rehabilitation services, direct supervision must be furnished by a doctor of