Federal Management Regulation

§ 102–117.250 What are my responsibilities after shipping the household goods?

(a) Each agency should develop an evaluation survey for the employee to complete following the move.
(b) Under the CHAMP program, you must counsel employees to fill out their portion of the GSA Form 3080, Household Goods Carrier Evaluation Report. This form reports the quality of the TSP’s performance. After completing the appropriate sections of this form, the employee must send it to the bill of lading issuing officer who in turn will complete the form and forward it to:

General Services Administration
National Customer Service Center
1500 Bannister Rd.
Kansas City, MO 64131
http://www.kc.gsa.gov/fsstt

(65 FR 60060, Oct. 6, 2000; 65 FR 81405, Dec. 26, 2000)

§ 102–117.255 What actions may I take if the TSP’s performance is not satisfactory?

If the TSP’s performance is not satisfactory, you may place a TSP in temporary nonuse, suspended status, or debarred status. For more information on doing this, see subpart I of this part and the FAR (48 CFR 9.406–3 and 9.407–3).

§ 102–117.260 What are my responsibilities to employees regarding the TSP’s liability for loss or damage claims?

Regarding the TSP’s liability for loss or damage claims, you must:
(a) Advise employees on the limits of the TSP’s liability for loss of and damage to their HHG so the employee may evaluate the need for added insurance;
(b) Inform the employee about the procedures to file claims for loss and damage to HHG with the TSP; and
(c) Counsel employees, who have a loss or damage to their HHG that exceeds the amount recovered from a TSP, on procedures for filing a claim against the Government for the difference. Agencies may compensate employees up to $40,000 on claims for loss and damage under 31 U.S.C. 3721, 3723 (41 CFR 302–8.2(f)).

§ 102–117.265 Are there time limits that affect filing a claim with a TSP for loss or damage?

Yes, several statutes limit the time for filing claims or taking other administrative or judicial action against a TSP. Refer to part 102–118 of this chapter for information on claims.

Subpart H—Performance Measures

§ 102–117.270 What are agency performance measures for transportation?

(a) Agency performance measures are indicators of how you are supporting your customers and doing your job. By tracking performance measures you can report specific accomplishments and your success in supporting the agency mission. The Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA) of 1993 (31 U.S.C. 1115) requires agencies to develop business plans and set up program performance measures.
(b) Examples of performance measurements in transportation would include how well you:
(1) Increase the use of electronic commerce;
(2) Adopt industry best practices and services to meet your agency requirements;
(3) Use TSPs with a track record of successful past performance or proven superior ability;
(4) Take advantage of competition in moving agency freight and household goods;
(5) Assure that delivery of freight and household goods is on time against measured criteria; and
(6) Create simplified procedures to be responsive and adaptive to the customer needs and concerns.

Subpart I—Transportation Service Provider (TSP) Performance

§ 102–117.275 What performance must I expect from a TSP?

You must expect the TSP to provide consistent and satisfactory service to meet your agency transportation needs.