whether the disclosure is likely to contribute “significantly” to public understanding of Government operations or activities.

(5) The existence and magnitude of a commercial interest, i.e., whether the requester has a commercial interest that would be furthered by the requested disclosure; and, if so,

(6) The primary interest in disclosure, i.e., whether the magnitude of the identified commercial interest of the requester is sufficiently large, in comparison with the public interest in disclosing that disclosure is “primarily in the commercial interest of the requester.”

(b) The Committee may waive or reduce fees associated with a request for disclosure regardless of whether a waiver or reduction has been requested if the Committee determines that disclosure will primarily benefit the general public.

(c) Fees shall be waived in all circumstances where the amount of the fee is $10 or less as the cost of collection would be greater than the fee. This minimum shall be applied separately to each Committee response when it is necessary for the Committee to make more than one response to a request for records.

§51–8.15 Collection of fees and charges.

(a) Except when prepayment is required, payments shall be collected to the fullest extent possible at the time the requested materials are furnished. Payments shall be made by requesters within 30 days of the date of the billing.

(b) Payments shall be made by check, draft, or money order made payable to the Treasury of the United States.

(c) In instances where a requester has previously failed to pay a fee, the Committee may require the requester to pay the full amount owed, plus any applicable interest as provided below, as well as the full estimated fee associated with any new request before it begins to process the new or subsequent request.

(d) On requests that result in fees being assessed, interest will be charged on an unpaid bill starting on the 31st day following the day on which the billing was sent. Interest will be at the rate prescribed in section 3717 of Title 31 United States Code, and will accrue from the date of the billing.

(e) In attempting to collect fees levied under FOIA, the Committee will abide by the provisions of the Debt Collection Act of 1982 (Pub. L. 97–365) in disclosing information to consumer reporting agencies and in the use of collection agencies, where appropriate, to encourage payment.

§51–8.16 Preservation of records.

The Committee shall preserve all correspondence relating to the requests it receives under this part, and all records processed pursuant to such requests, until such time as the destruction of such correspondence and records is authorized pursuant to Title 44 United States Code, and to the General Records Schedule. Records shall not be destroyed while they are the subject of a pending request, appeal, or lawsuit under the Act.

PART 51–9—PRIVACY ACT RULES

Subpart 51–9.1—General Policy

Sec.
51–9.101 Maintenance of records.
51–9.101–1 Collection and use.
51–9.101–3 Content of systems of records.
51–9.102 Availability of records.
51–9.102–1 Specific exemptions.

Subpart 51–9.2—Disclosure of Records

51–9.201 Conditions of disclosure.

Subpart 51–9.3—Individual Access to Records

51–9.301 Notification.
51–9.302 Conditions, places and requirements for access requests.
51–9.303 Access procedures.
51–9.303–1 Form of requests.
51–9.303–2 Special requirements for medical/psychological records.
51–9.303–3 Granting access.
51–9.303–4 Denials of access.
51–9.304 Fees.