#### **Environmental Protection Agency**

PRECONSTRUCTION SITING ANALYSIS

### § 60.2045 Who must prepare a siting analysis?

- (a) You must prepare a siting analysis if you plan to commence construction of a CISWI unit after December 1, 2000.
- (b) You must prepare a siting analysis if you are required to submit an initial application for a construction permit under 40 CFR part 51, subpart I, or 40 CFR part 52, as applicable, for the reconstruction or modification of your CISWI unit.

#### § 60.2050 What is a siting analysis?

- (a) The siting analysis must consider air pollution control alternatives that minimize, on a site-specific basis, to the maximum extent practicable, potential risks to public health or the environment. In considering such alternatives, the analysis may consider costs, energy impacts, nonair environmental impacts, or any other factors related to the practicability of the alternatives.
- (b) Analyses of your CISWI unit's impacts that are prepared to comply with State, local, or other Federal regulatory requirements may be used to satisfy the requirements of this section, provided they include the consideration of air pollution control alternatives specified in paragraph (a) of this section.
- (c) You must complete and submit the siting requirements of this section as required under §60.2190(c) prior to commencing construction.

WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN

### § 60.2055 What is a waste management plan?

A waste management plan is a written plan that identifies both the feasibility and the methods used to reduce or separate certain components of solid waste from the waste stream in order to reduce or eliminate toxic emissions from incinerated waste.

## § 60.2060 When must I submit my waste management plan?

You must submit a waste management plan prior to commencing construction.

# § 60.2065 What should I include in my waste management plan?

A waste management plan must include consideration of the reduction or separation of waste-stream elements such as paper, cardboard, plastics, glass, batteries, or metals; or the use of recyclable materials. The plan must identify any additional waste management measures and implement those measures the source considers practical and feasible, considering the effectiveness of waste management measures already in place, the costs of additional measures, the emissions reductions expected to be achieved, and any other environmental or energy impacts they might have.

OPERATOR TRAINING AND QUALIFICATION

# § 60.2070 What are the operator training and qualification requirements?

- (a) No CISWI unit can be operated unless a fully trained and qualified CISWI unit operator is accessible, either at the facility or can be at the facility within 1 hour. The trained and qualified CISWI unit operator may operate the CISWI unit directly or be the direct supervisor of one or more other plant personnel who operate the unit. If all qualified CISWI unit operators are temporarily not accessible, you must follow the procedures in §60.2100.
- (b) Operator training and qualification must be obtained through a State-approved program or by completing the requirements included in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (c) Training must be obtained by completing an incinerator operator training course that includes, at a minimum, the three elements described in paragraphs (c)(1) through (3) of this section
- (1) Training on the eleven subjects listed in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (xi) of this section.
- (xi) of this section.(i) Environmental concerns, includ-
- ing types of emissions.

  (ii) Basic combustion principles, including products of combustion.
- (iii) Operation of the specific type of incinerator to be used by the operator, including proper startup, waste charging, and shutdown procedures.
- (iv) Combustion controls and monitoring.