Environmental Protection Agency

§ 60.1140 Where and when must I hold a public meeting on the siting analysis?

(a) You must hold a public meeting to discuss and accept comments on your siting analysis and your revised materials separation plan.

(b) You must hold the public meeting in the county where you will construct your municipal waste combustion unit.

(c) You must schedule the public meeting to occur at least 30 days after

§ 60.1135 When must I accept comments on the siting analysis and revised materials separation plan?

(a) You must accept verbal comments at the public meeting.

(b) You must accept written comments anytime during the period that begins on the date the document is distributed to the main public libraries and ends 30 days after the date of the public meeting.

§ 60.1130 How do I make my siting analysis available to the public?

(a) Distribute your siting analysis and revised materials separation plan to the main public libraries in the area where you will construct your municipal waste combustion unit.

(b) Publish a notice of a public meeting in the main newspapers that serve two areas:

1. The area where you will construct your municipal waste combustion unit.

2. The areas where the waste that your municipal waste combustion unit combusts will be collected.

(c) Include six items in your notice of the public meeting:

1. The date of the public meeting.

2. The time of the public meeting.

3. The location of the public meeting.

4. The location of the public libraries where the public can find your siting analysis and revised materials separation plan.

5. An agenda of the topics that will be discussed at the public meeting.

6. The beginning and ending dates of the public comment period on your siting analysis and revised materials separation plan.

§ 60.1125 What must I include in my siting analysis?

(a) Include an analysis of how your municipal waste combustion unit affects four areas:

1. Ambient air quality.

2. Visibility.


4. Vegetation.

(b) Include an analysis of alternatives for controlling air pollution that minimize potential risks to the public health and the environment.

§ 60.1120 What steps must I complete for my siting analysis?

(a) For your siting analysis, you must complete five steps:

1. Prepare an analysis.

2. Make your analysis available to the public.

3. Hold a public meeting on your analysis.

4. Prepare responses to public comments received on your analysis.

5. Submit your analysis.

(b) You may use analyses conducted under the requirements of 40 CFR part 51, subpart I, or part 52, as applicable, for the reconstruction or modification of your municipal waste combustion unit.

§ 60.1115 What is a siting analysis?

The siting analysis addresses how your municipal waste combustion unit affects ambient air quality, visibility, soils, vegetation, and other relevant factors. The analysis can be used to determine whether the benefits of your proposed facility significantly outweigh the environmental and social costs resulting from its location and construction. The analysis must also consider other major industrial facilities near the proposed site.

§ 60.1110 after August 30, 1999, but before December 6, 2000, you are not required to prepare the siting analysis specified in this subpart.

(c) You must prepare a siting analysis if you are required to submit an initial application for a construction permit, under 40 CFR part 51, subpart I, or part 52, as applicable, for the reconstruction or modification of your municipal waste combustion unit.

§ 60.1105 What is a munici dialogue unit?

A municipal waste combustion unit is a complete facility for the incineration of municipal solid waste. The facility must include the following components:

(a) A municipal solid waste storage facility.

(b) A discharge control system.

(c) A flue gas treatment system.

(d) A municipal waste combustion facility.

§ 60.1100 What must I include in my siting analysis?

(a) Include an analysis of how your municipal waste combustion unit affects four areas:

1. Ambient air quality.

2. Visibility.


4. Vegetation.

(b) Include an analysis of alternatives for controlling air pollution that minimize potential risks to the public health and the environment.