applicable to manufacturers, importers, and processors of this substance.

(2) Limitations or revocation of certain notification requirements. The provisions of §721.185 apply to this section.

(3) Determining whether a specific use is subject to this section. The provisions of §721.1725(b)(1) apply to this section.

[65 FR 369, Jan. 5, 2000]

§ 721.3848 Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-dodecyl-, monosodium salt.

(a) Chemical substance and significant new uses subject to reporting. (1) The chemical substance identified as glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-dodecyl-, monosodium salt (PMN P-00–469; CAS No. 141321–68–8) is subject to reporting under this section for the significant new use described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

(2) The significant new uses are:

(i) Release to water. Requirements as specified in §721.90 (a)(4), (b)(4), (c)(4) (N=30 ppb).

(ii) [Reserved]

(b) Specific requirements. The provisions of subpart A of this part apply to this section except as modified by this paragraph.

(1) Recordkeeping. Recordkeeping requirements as specified in §721.125 (a), (b), (c), and (k) are applicable to manufacturers, importers, and processors of this substance.

(2) Limitations or revocation of certain notification requirements. The provisions of §721.185 apply to this section.

[68 FR 15084, Mar. 28, 2003]

§ 721.3860 Glycol monobenzoate.

(a) Chemical substance and significant new uses subject to reporting. (1) The chemical substance identified generically as glycol monobenzoate (P-90–1357) is subject to reporting under this section for the significant new uses described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

(2) The significant new uses are:

(i) Hazard communication program. A significant new use of this substance is any manner or method of manufacture, import, or processing associated with any use of this substance without providing risk notification as follows:

(A) If as a result of the test data required under the section 5(e) consent order for this substance, the employer becomes aware that this substance may present a risk of injury to human health, the employer must incorporate this new information, and any information on methods for protecting against such risk, into an MSDS as described in §721.72(c) within 90 days from the time the employer becomes aware of the new information. If this substance is not being manufactured, imported, processed, or used in the employer’s workplace, the employer must add the new information to an MSDS before the substance is reintroduced into the workplace.

(B) The employer must ensure that persons who have received, or will receive, this substance from the employer are provided an MSDS as described in §721.72(c) containing the information required under paragraph (a)(2)(i)(A) within 90 days from the time the employer becomes aware of the new information.

(ii) Industrial, commercial, and consumer activities. Requirements as specified in §721.80(q).

(b) Specific requirements. The provisions of subpart A of this part apply to this section except as modified by this paragraph.

(1) Recordkeeping. The following recordkeeping requirements are applicable to manufacturers, importers, and processors of this substance, as specified in §721.125 (a), (h), and (i).

(2) Limitations or revocation of certain notification requirements. The provisions of §721.185 apply to this significant new use rule.

(3) Determining whether a specific use is subject to this section. The provisions of §721.1725(b)(1) apply to this section.


§ 721.3880 Polyalkylene glycol substituted acetate.

(a) Chemical substance and significant new uses subject to reporting. (1) The chemical substance identified generically as polyalkylene glycol substituted acetate (PMN P-91–1239) is subject to reporting under this section for the significant new uses described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.