Environmental Protection Agency § 600.507–08

fueled and/or diesel powered passenger automobiles and light trucks may optionally comply with the electric vehicle requirements in this subpart.  
[49 FR 13853, Apr. 6, 1984]

§ 600.501–93 General applicability.  
(a) The provisions of this subpart are applicable to 1993 and later model year passenger automobiles and light trucks, and to the manufacturers of passenger automobiles and light trucks as determined by the Secretary of Transportation in 49 CFR 531.3 and 49 CFR 533.3. The provisions of this subpart are applicable to medium-duty passenger vehicles manufactured in 2011 model year and later model years and to the manufacturers of such vehicles.  
(b)(1) Manufacturers that produce only electric vehicles are exempt from the requirement of this subpart, except with regard to the requirements in those sections pertaining specifically to electric vehicles.  
(2) Manufacturers with worldwide production (excluding electric vehicle production) of less than 10,000 gasoline-fueled and/or diesel powered passenger automobiles and light trucks may optionally comply with the electric vehicle requirements in this subpart.  

§ 600.502–81 Definitions.  
(a) The following definitions apply beginning with the 1979 model year. The definitions in § 600.502–78 remain effective except that provision (a)(2)(i) is hereby superseded. The definitions in § 600.002 also apply to this subpart.  
(1) ‘‘Declared value’’ of imported components shall be:  
(i) The value at which components are declared by the importer to the U.S. Customs Service at the date of entry into the customs territory of the United States, or  
(ii) With respect to imports into Canada, the declared value of such components as if they were declared as imports into the United States at the date of entry into Canada, or  
(iii) With respect to imports into Mexico (when § 600.511–80(b)(3) applies), the declared value of such components as if they were declared as imports into the United States at the date of entry into Mexico.  
(2) Cost of production of a car line shall mean the aggregate of the products of:  
(i) The average U.S. dealer wholesale price for such car line as computed from each official dealer price list effective during the course of a model year, and  
(ii) The number of automobiles within the car line produced during the part of the model year that the price list was in effect.  
(3) Equivalent petroleum-based fuel economy value means a number which represents the average number of miles traveled by an electric vehicle per gallon of gasoline.  
(4) Footprint means the area between the wheels of an automobile as defined by the Secretary of Transportation at 49 CFR 523.2.  
(b) [Reserved]  

§ 600.503–78 Abbreviations.  
The abbreviations in § 600.003 apply to this subpart.  
§ 600.504–78 Section numbering, construction.  
The section numbering procedure set forth in § 600.004 applies to this subpart.  
§ 600.505–78 Recordkeeping.  
The recordkeeping procedure set forth in § 600.005 applies to this subpart.  
§ 600.507–08 Running change data requirements.  
(a) Except as specified in paragraph (d) of this section, the manufacturer shall submit additional running change fuel economy data as specified in paragraph (b) of this section for any running change approved or implemented under § 86.079–32, § 86.079–33, or § 86.082–34 or 86.1842–01 as applicable, which:  
(1) Creates a new base level or,  
(2) Affects an existing base level by:  
(i) Adding an axle ratio which is at least 10 percent larger (or, optionally, 10 percent smaller) than the largest axle ratio tested.
(ii) Increasing (or, optionally, decreasing) the road-load horsepower for a subconfiguration by 10 percent or more for the individual running change or, when considered cumulatively, since original certification (for each cumulative 10 percent increase using the originally certified road-load horsepower as a base).

(iii) Adding a new subconfiguration by increasing (or, optionally, decreasing) the equivalent test weight for any previously tested subconfiguration in the base level.

(b)(1) The additional running change fuel economy data requirement in paragraph (a) of this section will be determined based on the sales of the vehicle configurations in the created or affected base level(s) as updated at the time of running change approval.

(2) Within each newly created base level as specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the manufacturer shall submit data from the highest projected model year sales subconfiguration within the highest projected total model year sales configuration in the base level.

(3) Within each base level affected by a running change as specified in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, fuel economy data shall be submitted for the vehicle configuration created or affected by the running change which has the highest total model year sales. The test vehicle shall be of the subconfiguration created by the running change which has the highest projected total model year sales within the applicable vehicle configuration.

(c) The manufacturer shall submit the fuel economy data required by this section to the Administrator in accordance with §600.314(b).

(d) For those model types created under §600.208-08(a)(2), the manufacturer shall submit data for each subconfiguration added by a running change.

[71 FR 77954, Dec. 27, 2006]

§600.507-12 Running change data requirements.

(a) Except as specified in paragraph (d) of this section, the manufacturer shall submit additional running change fuel economy and carbon-related exhaust emissions data as specified in paragraph (b) of this section for any running change approved or implemented under §86.079-32, §86.079-33, §86.082-34, or §86.1842-01 of this chapter, as applicable, which:

(1) Creates a new base level or,

(2) Affects an existing base level by:

(i) Adding an axle ratio which is at least 10 percent larger (or, optionally, 10 percent smaller) than the largest axle ratio tested,

(ii) Increasing (or, optionally, decreasing) the road-load horsepower for a subconfiguration by 10 percent or more for the individual running change or, when considered cumulatively, since original certification (for each cumulative 10 percent increase using the originally certified road-load horsepower as a base),

(iii) Adding a new subconfiguration by increasing (or, optionally, decreasing) the equivalent test weight for any previously tested subconfiguration in the base level.

(4) Revising the calibration of an electric vehicle, fuel cell vehicle, hybrid electric vehicle, plug-in hybrid electric vehicle or other advanced technology vehicle in such a way that the city or highway fuel economy of the vehicle (or the energy consumption of the vehicle, as may be applicable) is expected to become less fuel efficient (or optionally, more fuel efficient) by 4.0 percent or more as compared to the original fuel economy label values for fuel economy and/or energy consumption, as applicable.

(b)(1) The additional running change fuel economy and carbon-related exhaust emissions data requirement in paragraph (a) of this section will be determined based on the sales of the vehicle configurations in the created or affected base level(s) as updated at the time of running change approval.

(2) Within each newly created base level as specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the manufacturer shall submit data from the highest projected total model year sales subconfiguration within the highest projected total model year sales configuration in the base level.