Environmental Protection Agency § 98.63

§ 98.57 Records that must be retained.
In addition to the information required by §98.3(g), you must retain the records specified in paragraphs (a) through (h) of this section at the facility level:
(a) Annual adipic acid production capacity (tons).
(b) Records of significant changes to process.
(c) Number of facility operating hours in calendar year.
(d) Documentation of how accounting procedures were used to estimate production rate.
(e) Documentation of how process knowledge was used to estimate abatement technology destruction efficiency.
(f) Performance test reports of \( \text{N}_2 \text{O} \) emissions.
(g) Measurements, records and calculations used to determine reported parameters.
(h) Documentation of the procedures used to ensure the accuracy of the measurements of all reported parameters, including but not limited to, calibration of weighing equipment, flow meters, and other measurement devices. The estimated accuracy of measurements made with these devices must also be recorded, and the technical basis for these estimates must be provided.

§ 98.58 Definitions.
All terms used in this subpart have the same meaning given in the Clean Air Act and subpart A of this part.

Subpart F—Aluminum Production

§ 98.60 Definition of the source category.
(a) A primary aluminum production facility manufactures primary aluminum using the Hall-Héroult manufacturing process. The primary aluminum manufacturing process comprises the following operations:
1. Electrolysis in prebake and Sderberg cells.

(b) This source category does not include experimental cells or research and development process units.

§ 98.61 Reporting threshold.
You must report GHG emissions under this subpart if your facility contains an aluminum production process and the facility meets the requirements of either §98.2(a)(1) or (a)(2).

§ 98.62 GHGs to report.
You must report:
(a) Perfluoromethane (\( \text{CF}_4 \)), and perfluoroethane (\( \text{C}_2\text{F}_6 \)) emissions from anode effects in all prebake and Sderberg electrolysis cells.
(b) \( \text{CO}_2 \) emissions from anode consumption during electrolysis in all prebake and Sderberg electrolysis cells.
(c) \( \text{CO}_2 \) emissions from on-site anode baking.
(d) You must report under subpart C of this part (General Stationary Fuel Combustion Sources) the emissions of \( \text{CO}_2 \), \( \text{N}_2\text{O} \), and \( \text{CH}_4 \) emissions from each stationary fuel combustion unit by following the requirements of subpart C.

§ 98.63 Calculating GHG emissions.
(a) The annual value for PFC emissions shall be estimated from the sum of monthly values using Equation F–1 of this section:

\[
E_{\text{PFC}} = \sum_{m=1}^{12} E_m \quad \text{ (Eq. F-1)}
\]

Where:
\( E_{\text{PFC}} = \text{Annual PFC emissions from aluminum production (metric tons PFC)} \),
\( E_m = \text{PFC emissions from aluminum production for the month } "m" \text{ (metric tons PFC)} \).

(b) Use Equation F–2 of this section to estimate \( \text{CF}_4 \) emissions from anode effect duration or Equation F–3 of this section to estimate \( \text{CF}_4 \) emissions from overvoltage, and use Equation F–4 of this section to estimate \( \text{C}_2\text{F}_6 \) emissions from anode effects from each prebake and Sderberg electrolysis cell.

\[
E_{\text{CF}_4} = S_{\text{CF}_4} \times \text{AEM} \times \text{MP} \times 0.001 \quad \text{ (Eq. F-2)}
\]