§ 98.395 Procedures for estimating missing data.

(a) Determination of quantity. Whenever the quality assurance procedures in §98.394(a) cannot be followed to measure the quantity of one or more petroleum products, natural gas liquids, types of biomass, feedstocks, or crude oil batches during any period (e.g., if a meter malfunctions), the following missing data procedures shall be used:

(1) For quantities of a product that are purchased or sold, a period of missing data shall be substituted using a reporter’s established procedures for billing purposes in that period as agreed to by the party selling or purchasing the product.

(2) For quantities of a product that are not purchased or sold but of which the custody is transferred, a period of missing data shall be substituted using a reporter’s established procedures for tracking purposes in that period as agreed to by the party involved in custody transfer of the product.

(b) Determination of emission factor. Whenever any of the procedures in §98.394(c) cannot be followed to develop an emission factor for any reason, Calculation Methodology 1 of this subpart must be used in place of Calculation Methodology 2 of this subpart for the entire reporting year.

(d) Measurement of API gravity and sulfur content of crude oil. (1) Samples of each batch of crude oil shall be taken according to an appropriate standard method published by a consensus-based standards organization.

(2) Samples shall be handled according to an appropriate standard method published by a consensus-based standards organization.

(3) API gravity shall be measured using an appropriate standard method published by a consensus-based standards organization.

(4) Sulfur content shall be measured using an appropriate standard method published by a consensus-based standards organization.

(5) All measurements shall be temperature-adjusted and pressure-adjusted to the conditions assumed for determining the quantities of crude oil reported under this subpart.

§ 98.395 Procedures for estimating missing data.

(a) Determination of quantity. Whenever the quality assurance procedures in §98.394(a) cannot be followed to measure the quantity of one or more petroleum products, natural gas liquids, types of biomass, feedstocks, or crude oil batches during any period (e.g., if a meter malfunctions), the following missing data procedures shall be used:

(1) For quantities of a product that are purchased or sold, a period of missing data shall be substituted using a reporter’s established procedures for billing purposes in that period as agreed to by the party selling or purchasing the product.

(2) For quantities of a product that are not purchased or sold but of which the custody is transferred, a period of missing data shall be substituted using a reporter’s established procedures for tracking purposes in that period as agreed to by the party involved in custody transfer of the product.

(b) Determination of emission factor. Whenever any of the procedures in §98.394(c) cannot be followed to develop an emission factor for any reason, Calculation Methodology 1 of this subpart must be used in place of Calculation Methodology 2 of this subpart for the entire reporting year.
(c) Determination of API gravity and sulfur content of crude oil. For missing data on sulfur content or API gravity, the substitute data value shall be the arithmetic average of the quality-assured values of API gravity or sulfur content in the batch preceding and the batch immediately following the missing data incident. If no quality-assured data are available prior to the missing data incident, the substitute data value shall be the first quality-assured values for API gravity and sulfur content obtained from the batch after the missing data period.

§ 98.396 Data reporting requirements.

In addition to the information required by §98.3(c), the following requirements apply:

(a) Refiners shall report the following information for each facility:

(1) For each petroleum product or natural gas liquid listed in Table MM–1 of this subpart that enters the refinery to be further refined or otherwise used on site, report the annual quantity in metric tons or barrels by each quantity measurement standard method or other industry standard practice used. For natural gas liquids, quantity shall reflect the individual components of the product.

(2) For each petroleum product or natural gas liquid listed in Table MM–1 of this subpart that enters the refinery to be further refined or otherwise used on site, report the annual quantity in metric tons or barrels. For natural gas liquids, quantity shall reflect the individual components of the product.

(3) For each feedstock reported in paragraph (a)(2) of this section that was produced by blending a petroleum-based product with a biomass-based product, report the percent of the volume reported in paragraph (a)(2) of this section that is petroleum-based.

(4) Each standard method or other industry standard practice used to measure each quantity reported in paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

(b) For each petroleum product and natural gas liquid (ex refinery gate) listed in Table MM–1 of this subpart, report the annual quantity in metric tons or barrels. For natural gas liquids, quantity shall reflect the individual components of the product.

(7) For each product reported in paragraph (a)(6) of this section that was produced by blending a petroleum-based product with a biomass-based product, report the percent of the volume reported in paragraph (a)(6) of this section that is petroleum-based.

(8) Each standard method or other industry standard practice used to measure each quantity reported in paragraph (a)(5) of this section.

(9) For every feedstock reported in paragraph (a)(2) of this section for which Calculation Methodology 2 of this subpart was used to determine an emissions factor, report:

(i) The number of samples collected according to §98.394(c)

(ii) The sampling standard method used.

(iii) The carbon share test results in percent mass.

(iv) The standard method used to test carbon share.

(v) The calculated CO\textsubscript{2} emissions factor in metric tons.

(10) For every non-solid feedstock reported in paragraph (a)(2) of this section for which Calculation Methodology 2 of this subpart was used to determine an emissions factor, report:

(i) The density test results in metric tons per barrel.

(ii) The standard method used to test density.

(11) For every petroleum product and natural gas liquid reported in paragraph (a)(6) of this section for which Calculation Methodology 2 of this subpart was used to determine an emissions factor, report:

(i) The number of samples collected according to §98.394(c).

(ii) The sampling standard method used.

(iii) The carbon share test results in percent mass.