

## Environmental Protection Agency

## § 90.304

credit balances may be adjusted by EPA.

(h) If EPA review determines a reporting error in the manufacturer's favor (that is, resulting in an increased credit balance) or if the manufacturer discovers such an error within 270 days of the end of the model year, EPA shall restore the credits for use by the manufacturer.

(i) For 2007 and later model years, include in your end-of-year and final reports an accounting to show a separate balance of emission credits for handheld and nonhandheld engines. Use your best judgment to differentiate your current balance of banked credits for handheld and nonhandheld engines. You may exchange handheld and nonhandheld credits to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of this part 90. However, emission credits you generate for banking under this part 90 will be restricted for engines subject to the requirements of 40 CFR part 1054.

[64 FR 15239, Mar. 30, 1999, as amended at 73 FR 59181, Oct. 8, 2008]

### § 90.211 Request for hearing.

An engine manufacturer may request a hearing on the Administrator's voiding of the certificate under §§ 90.203(h), 90.206(e), 90.207(f), 90.208(c), or 90.209(f), pursuant to § 90.124. The procedures of § 90.125 shall apply to any such hearing.

## Subpart D—Emission Test Equipment Provisions

### § 90.301 Applicability.

(a) This subpart describes the equipment required in order to perform exhaust emission tests on new nonroad spark-ignition engines and vehicles subject to the provisions of subpart A of this part. Certain text in this subpart is identified as pertaining to Phase 1 or Phase 2 engines. Such text pertains only to engines of the specified Phase. If no indication of Phase is given, the text pertains to all engines, regardless of Phase.

(b) Exhaust gases, either raw or dilute, are sampled while the test engine is operated using a steady state test cycle on an engine dynamometer. The exhaust gases receive specific compo-

nent analysis determining concentration of pollutant. Emission concentrations are converted to mass emission rates in grams per hour based on either fuel flow, fuel flow and engine intake air flow, or exhaust volume flow. Weighted emission rates are reported as grams per brake-kilowatt hour (g/kW-hr). See subpart E of this part for a complete description of the test procedure.

(c) Additional information about system design, calibration methodologies, and so forth, for raw gas sampling can be found in 40 CFR part 1065. Examples for system design, calibration methodologies, and so forth, for dilute exhaust gas sampling can be found in 40 CFR part 1065.

(d) For Phase 2 Class I, Phase 2 Class I-B, and Phase 2 Class II natural gas fueled engines, use the procedures of 40 CFR part 1065 to measure nonmethane hydrocarbon (NMHC) exhaust emissions from Phase 2 Class I, Phase 2 Class I-B, and Phase 2 Class II natural gas fueled engines.

[60 FR 34598, July 3, 1995, as amended at 64 FR 15243, Mar. 30, 1999; 65 FR 24312, Apr. 25, 2000; 70 FR 40448, July 13, 2005]

### § 90.302 Definitions.

The definitions in § 90.3 apply to this subpart. The following definitions also apply to this subpart.

*Intermediate speed* means the engine speed which is 85 percent of the rated speed.

*Natural gas* means a fuel whose primary constituent is methane.

*Rated speed* means the speed at which the manufacturer specifies the maximum rated power of an engine.

[64 FR 15243, Mar. 30, 1999]

### § 90.303 Symbols, acronyms, abbreviations.

(a) The acronyms and abbreviations in § 90.5 apply to this subpart.

(b) The symbols in Table 1 in Appendix A of this subpart apply to this subpart.

### § 90.304 Test equipment overview.

(a) All engines subject to this subpart are tested for exhaust emissions. Engines are operated on dynamometers