§ 361.24 Cooperation and coordination with other entities.

(a) Interagency cooperation. The State plan must describe the designated State agency’s cooperation with and use of the services and facilities of Federal, State, and local agencies and programs, including programs carried out by the Under Secretary for Rural Development of the Department of Agriculture and State use contracting programs, to the extent that those agencies and programs are not carrying out activities through the statewide workforce investment system.

(b) Coordination with the Statewide Independent Living Council and independent living centers. The State plan must assure that the designated State unit, the Statewide Independent Living Council established under 34 CFR part 364, and the independent living centers established under 34 CFR part 366 have developed working relationships and coordinate their activities.

(c) Cooperative agreement with recipients of grants for services to American Indians—(1) General. In applicable cases, the State plan must assure that the designated State agency has entered into a formal cooperative agreement with each grant recipient in the State that receives funds under part C of the Act (American Indian Vocational Rehabilitation Services).

(2) Contents of formal cooperative agreement. The agreement required under paragraph (a)(1) of this section must describe strategies for collaboration and coordination in providing vocational rehabilitation services to American Indians who are individuals with disabilities, including—
   (i) Strategies for interagency referral and information sharing that will assist in eligibility determinations and the development of individualized plans for employment;
   (ii) Procedures for ensuring that American Indians who are individuals with disabilities and are living near a reservation or tribal service area are provided vocational rehabilitation services; and
   (iii) Provisions for sharing resources in cooperative studies and assessments, joint training activities, and other collaborative activities designed to improve the provision of services to American Indians who are individuals with disabilities.

(d) Reciprocal referral services between two designated State units in the same State. If there is a separate designated State unit for individuals who are blind, the two designated State units must establish reciprocal referral services, use each other’s services and facilities to the extent feasible, jointly plan activities to improve services in
the State for individuals with multiple impairments, including visual impairments, and otherwise cooperate to provide more effective services, including, if appropriate, entering into a written cooperative agreement.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0500)

(Authority: Sections 12(c) and 101(a)(11)(C), (E), and (F) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 708(c) and 721(a)(11) (C), (E), and (F))


§ 361.25 Statewideness.

The State plan must assure that services provided under the State plan will be available in all political subdivisions of the State, unless a waiver of statewideness is requested and approved in accordance with §361.26.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0500)

(Authority: Section 101(a)(4) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 721(a)(4))


§ 361.26 Waiver of statewideness.

(a) Availability. The State unit may provide services in one or more political subdivisions of the State, unless a waiver of statewideness is requested and approved in accordance with §361.25.

(1) The non-Federal share of the cost of these services is met from funds provided by a local public agency, including funds contributed to a local public agency by a private agency, organization, or individual;

(2) The services are likely to promote the vocational rehabilitation of substantially larger numbers of individuals with disabilities with particular types of impairments; and

(3) For purposes other than those specified in §361.60(b)(3)(i) and consistent with the requirements in §361.60(b)(3)(ii), the State includes in its State plan, and the Secretary approves, a waiver of the statewideness requirement, in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) Request for waiver. The request for a waiver of statewideness must—

(1) Identify the types of services to be provided;

(2) Contain a written assurance from the local public agency that it will make available to the State unit the non-Federal share of funds;

(3) Contain a written assurance that State unit approval will be obtained for each proposed service before it is put into effect; and

(4) Contain a written assurance that all other State plan requirements, including a State’s order of selection requirements, will apply to all services approved under the waiver.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0500)

(Authority: Section 101(a)(4) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 721(a)(4))


§ 361.27 Shared funding and administration of joint programs.

(a) If the State plan provides for the designated State agency to share funding and administrative responsibility with another State agency or local public agency to carry out a joint program to provide services to individuals with disabilities, the State must submit to the Secretary for approval a plan that describes its shared funding and administrative arrangement.

(b) The plan under paragraph (a) of this section must include—

(1) A description of the nature and scope of the joint program;

(2) The services to be provided under the joint program;

(3) The respective roles of each participating agency in the administration and provision of services; and

(4) The share of the costs to be assumed by each agency.

(c) If a proposed joint program does not comply with the statewideness requirement in §361.25, the State unit must obtain a waiver of statewideness, in accordance with §361.26.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0500)
