§ 401.7 Fenders.

(a) Where any structural part of a vessel protrudes so as to endanger Seaway installations, the vessel shall be equipped with only horizontal permanent fenders—

(1) That are made of steel, hardwood, or teflon or a combination of two or all of these materials, are of a thickness not exceeding 15 centimeters, with well tapered ends, and are located along the hull, close to the main deck level; and

(2) On special application, portable fenders, other than rope hawsers, may be allowed for a single transit if the portable fenders are—

(i) Made of a material that will float; and

(ii) Securely fastened and suspended from the vessel in a horizontal position by a steel cable or a fiber rope in such a way that they can be raised or lowered in a manner that does not damage Seaway installations.

(b) Tires shall not be used as fenders.

(c) On special application, ships of unusual design may be permitted to utilize temporary or permanent fenders not greater than 30 cm in thickness.

§ 401.8 Landing booms.

(a) Vessels of more than 50 m in overall length shall be equipped with at least one adequate landing boom on each side.

(b) Vessels’ crews shall be adequately trained in the use of landing booms.

(c) Vessels not equipped with or not using landing booms must use the Seaway’s tie-up service at approach walls using synthetic mooring lines only.

§ 401.9 Radiotelephone equipment.

(a) Self-propelled vessels, other than pleasure craft of less than 20.0 m in overall length, shall be equipped with VHF (very high frequency) radiotelephone equipment.

(b) The radio transmitters on a vessel shall:

(1) Have sufficient power output to enable the vessel to communicate with Seaway stations from a distance of 48 km; and

(2) Be fitted to operate from the conning position in the wheelhouse and to communicate on channels 11, 12, 13, 14, 17 and 66a.

§ 401.10 Mooring lines.

(a) Mooring lines shall:

(1) Be of a uniform thickness throughout their length;

(2) Have a diameter not greater than 28 mm for wire line and not greater than 60 mm for approved synthetic lines;

(3) Be fitted with a hand spliced eye or Flemish type mechanical spliced eye of not less than 2.4 m long for wire lines and 1.8 m long spliced eye for approved synthetic lines;

(4) Have sufficient strength to check the vessel; and

(5) Be arranged so that they may be led to either side of the vessel as required.

(b) Unless otherwise permitted by an officer, vessels greater than 150 m shall only use wire mooring lines with a breaking strength that complies with the minimum specifications set out in the table to this section shall be used for securing a vessel in lock chambers.

(c) Synthetic lines may be used for mooring at approach walls, tie-up walls and docks within the Seaway.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section, nylon line is not permitted.

Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overall length of ships</th>
<th>Length of mooring line</th>
<th>Breaking strength</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>40 m or more but not more than 60 m.</td>
<td>110 m ......</td>
<td>10 MT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 60 m but not more than 90 m.</td>
<td>110 m ......</td>
<td>15 MT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corp., DoT § 401.12

TABLE—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overall length of ships</th>
<th>Length of mooring line</th>
<th>Breaking strength</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>More than 90 m but not more than 120 m.</td>
<td>110 m</td>
<td>20 MT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 120 m but not more than 180 m.</td>
<td>110 m</td>
<td>28 MT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 180 m but not more than 222.5 m.</td>
<td>110 m</td>
<td>35 MT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Elongation of synthetic lines shall not exceed 20%

§ 401.11 Fairleads.

(a) Mooring lines, and synthetic hawsers where permitted, shall:

1. Be led at the vessel’s side through a type of fairlead or closed chock, acceptable to the Manager and Corporation;

2. Pass through not more than three inboard rollers that are fixed in place and equipped with horns to ensure that lines will not slip off when slackened and provided with free-running sheaves or rollers; and

3. Where the fairleads are mounted flush with the hull, be permanently fendered to prevent the lines from being pinched between the vessel and a wall.

(b) Wire lines shall only be led through approved roller type fairleads.

§ 401.12 Minimum requirements—mooring lines and fairleads.

(a) Unless otherwise permitted by the officer the minimum requirements in respect of mooring lines which shall be available for securing on either side of the vessels, winches and the location of fairleads on vessels are as follows:

1. Vessels of 100 m or less in overall length shall have at least three mooring lines—wires or synthetic hawsers, two of which shall be independently power operated and one if synthetic may be hand held.

   (i) One line shall lead forward from the break of the bow and one line shall lead astern from the quarter and be independently power operated by winches, capstans or windlasses and lead through closed chocks or fairleads acceptable to the Manager and the Corporation; and

   (ii) One synthetic hawser shall be hand held and lead astern from the break of the bow through chocks to suitable mooring bitts on deck;

2. Vessels of more than 100 m but not more than 150 m in overall length shall have three mooring lines—wires or synthetic hawsers, which shall be independently power operated by winches, capstans or windlasses. All lines shall be led through closed chocks or fairleads acceptable to the Manager and the Corporation.

3. Vessels of more than 150 m in overall length shall have four mooring lines—wires, independently power operated by the main drums of adequate power operated winches as follows:

   (i) One mooring line shall lead forward and one mooring line shall lead astern from the break of the bow and shall be independently power operated by the main drums of adequate power operated winches; and

   (ii) One mooring line shall lead forward and one mooring line shall lead astern from the quarter and shall be independently power operated by the main drums of adequate power operated winches.

   (iii) All lines shall be led through a type of fairlead acceptable to the Manager and the Corporation.

(b) Unless otherwise permitted by the officer, the following table sets out the requirements for the location of fairleads or closed chocks for vessels of 100 m or more in overall length:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overall length of ships</th>
<th>For mooring lines Nos. 1 and 2</th>
<th>For mooring lines Nos. 3 and 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100 m or more but not more than 180 m.</td>
<td>Shall be at a location on the ship side where the beam is at least 90% of the full beam of the vessel.</td>
<td>Shall be at a location on the ship side where the beam is at least 90% of the full beam of the vessel.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>