required unless there is a request for transfer or reassignment of the property screened.

(f) **Property with an estimated value of $50,000 or less.** If the property has an estimated value of $50,000 or less, the determination that the property is excess to Army requirements will be made by the Department of the Army without referral to DOD, and the Chief of Engineers will direct the DE accordingly. Upon receipt of this disposal directive, prompt action will be taken to report the property to GSA or take other disposal action as appropriate.

(g) **Estimated value in excess of $50,000.** If military property has an estimated value in excess of $50,000, it must be reported to the Armed Services Committees of Congress pursuant to title 10, United States Code, section 2662. The final Army determination of excess and recommendations to the Assistant Secretary of Defense (MRA&L) to approve the proposed disposal report to the Armed Services Committees by the Chief of Engineers, utilizing Real Estate Disposal Report, ENG Form 2187R, are combined in a single action. The Chief of Engineers will advise of DOD approval of the proposed disposal when made. Upon receipt of this information responsible Division and District Engineers will furnish GSA a preliminary report of excess. The preliminary report of excess will be finalized, upon receipt of instructions from the Chief of Engineers. This procedure is also applicable to Air Force disposals. If the preliminary report of excess is sufficiently complete and accurate, it may be finalized by letter or simple statement on Standard Form 118, Report of Excess Real Property.

(h) **Date of excess for reporting purposes.** From the above, it will be noted that where property has an estimated value in excess of $100,000, the determination that the property is excess to the requirements of the Department of the Army is, in effect, made concurrently with the determination that the property is excess to the requirements of the DOD, or is approved for transfer to another military department. For all practical purposes, these determinations are best evidenced by the Assistant Secretary of Defense's approval of the proposed disposal. The date of approval may be used as the date the property was determined excess to Army requirements for reporting purposes.

§ 644.334 Reassignment and transfer procedures.

Reassignment refers to the changing of the administrative or command jurisdiction of real property from one command to another within the same military department. Reassignments may be accomplished by the Secretary or the staff without prior approval of the DOD or the Armed Services Committees of the Congress. Transfer refers to changing the jurisdiction for using and administering real property from one military department to another.

(a) **Reassignment Procedures—Army—**

(1) **Military.** Reassignments of military real property are accomplished pursuant to a directive from DAEN-REM. These are not real estate disposal actions.

(2) **Civil works.** Reassignments from civil works to military jurisdiction, and vice versa, are accomplished pursuant to directive or approval of the Secretary of the Army based on the recommendations of the Chief of Engineers.

(3) **Information required.** Information to support recommendation for reassignments of military or civil real property to another using service of the Army, or to change the military or civil accountability within the Corps, will be furnished by the DE to DAEN-REM as follows:

(i) Reference to excess directive, if any.

(ii) Description and map of lands.

(iii) Date, manner, and cost of acquisition of land and improvements.

(iv) Reference to any encumbrances which might affect the reassignment and use.

(v) Proposed effective date of reassignment.

(vi) Proposed new use.

(b) **Reassignment of Air Force property.** The Air Force Staff reassigns real property within the Department of the Air Force.

(c) **Transfer of military property.** Procedure for transfer among military departments is substantially the same as for transfer to other Federal agencies,
and is set forth in §§ 644.400 through 644.443 and §§ 644.472 through 644.500.

§ 644.335 Screening of excess DOD property for nondefense Federal agency needs.

(a) Screening by GSA. (1) GSA will screen all excess real property reported to it for disposal, to determine whether the property is surplus to all Federal agencies.

(2) GSA will screen certain classes of excess real property which must be reported to it for screening, even though the Department of the Army will act as the disposal agency (§§ 644.348 through 644.367).

(3) Under the FPMR, Federal agencies are allowed 30 days to advise whether there is a tentative or firm requirement and another 30 days to determine and advise whether the tentative requirement is firm. Where there is a firm requirement, agencies are allowed an additional 60 days to prepare and submit a formal request for transfer pursuant to FPMR Section 101–47.203–7. The DE should obtain from GSA information on the status of screening if advice is not furnished promptly after expiration of the screening period.

(b) Screening by Corps of Engineers. Properties which are not reported to GSA for disposal or screening will be screened by the DE with nondefense Federal agencies at the same time they are screened with Defense agencies. Screening of such properties will be limited to agencies that maintain local offices and may be done on an informal basis. The DE may waive screening of nonassignable and short term interests in real property when they determine such screening will serve no useful purpose. When screening discloses no requirement, the property will be determined surplus and disposed of.

§ 644.336 Notices to Departments of Interior (DI); Health and Human Resources (HHR); Education; and Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

Simultaneously with screening under § 644.335 notices of availability will be given to DI of land suitable for public park and recreation or an historical monument site; to HHR and/or Department of Education property suitable for educational purposes or to protect the public health, and to HUD of property for housing and related facilities (Section 101–47.203.5 FPMR). Where such notice is given, these departments will be notified promptly, if screening discloses another Federal requirement for the property. They will also be notified if there is no other Federal requirement and the property is determined surplus.

§§ 644.337–644.339 [Reserved]

§ 644.340 Reports to the Armed Services committees.

(a) Sections 644.340 through 644.347 describe the responsibilities of the Chief of Engineers in, and prescribes procedures for, clearing proposals for certain leasing and for disposals of Army real property with the Department of Defense and the Armed Services Committees of the Senate and House of Representatives. (The Air Force obtains its own clearance.) It is applicable to Division and District Engineers having military real estate responsibility. Clearance is not required for civil works properties.

(b) Title 10 U.S.C. 2662 as amended by Pub. L. 96–418, dated 10 Oct. 1980, provides, in part that:

(a) The Secretary of a military department, or his designee, may not enter into any of the following listed transactions by or for the use of that department until after the expiration of 30 days from the date upon which a report of the facts concerning the proposed transaction is submitted to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and of the House of Representatives:

* * * * *

(3) A lease or license of real property owned by the United States, if the estimated annual fair market rental value of the property is more than $100,000.

(4) A transfer of real property owned by the United States to another Federal agency or another military department or to a State, if the estimated value is more than $100,000.

(5) A report of excess real property owned by the United States to a disposal agency, if the estimated value is more than $100,000.

(6) Any termination of modification by either the grantor or grantee of an existing license or permit of real property owned by