

(iii) If a license did purport to cover the transfer, such license had been obtained by misrepresentation of a third party or the withholding of material facts or was otherwise fraudulently obtained; the person with whom such property was held or maintained filed with the Office of Foreign Assets Control a report setting forth in full the circumstances relating to such transfer. The filing of a report in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph shall not be deemed evidence that the terms of paragraphs (d) (1) and (2) of this section have been satisfied.

(e) Unless licenced or authorized pursuant to this part, any attachment, judgement, decree, lien, execution, garnishment, or other judicial process is null and void with respect to any property or interest in property blocked pursuant to § 585.201.

[58 FR 13201, Mar. 10, 1993, as amended at 60 FR 34145, June 30, 1995]

§ 585.203 Holding of certain types of blocked property in interest-bearing accounts.

(a)(1) Any person, including a U.S. financial institution, currently holding property subject to § 585.201, which, as of July 15, 1992, or the date of receipt if subsequent to July 15, 1992, is not being held in an interest-bearing account or otherwise invested in a manner authorized by the Office of Foreign Assets Control, shall transfer such property to, or hold such property or cause such property to be held in, an interest-bearing account or interest-bearing status in a U.S. financial institution as of July 15, 1992, or the date of receipt if subsequent to July 15, 1992, unless otherwise authorized or directed by the Office of Foreign Assets Control.

(2) The requirement set forth in paragraph (a)(1) of this section shall apply to currency, bank deposits, accounts, obligations, and any other financial or economic resources or assets, and any proceeds resulting from the sale of tangible or intangible property. If interest is credited to an account separate from that in which the interest-bearing asset is held, the name of the account party on both accounts must be the same and must clearly indicate the person(s) having an interest in the accounts. If the account is held in the

name of the Government of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia or the former Government of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, the name of the account to which interest is credited must be the same.

(b) For purposes of this section, the term "interest-bearing account" means a blocked account in a U.S. financial institution earning interest at rates that are commercially reasonable for the amount of funds in the account, i.e., a rate similar to that currently offered other depositors on deposits of comparable size and maturity. Overnight investment of blocked funds is authorized, provided that the funds remain within the possession and control of the U.S. person holding the funds and that the funds remain in a blocked status at all times. Except as otherwise authorized, the funds may not be re-invested or held in instruments the maturity of which exceeds 90 days.

(c) U.S. financial institutions receiving instructions to execute a payment or transfer of funds they hold in which a person has an interest whose property or interests in property are blocked pursuant to § 585.201, shall block the funds and provide written notification to the Compliance Programs Division, Office of Foreign Assets Control, U.S. Treasury Department, 1500 Pennsylvania Ave., NW.-2131 Annex, Washington, DC 20220, within 10 business days from the value date of the payment or transfer. The notification shall include a photocopy of the payment or transfer instructions received, shall confirm that the payment or transfer has been deposited into an existing or newly-established blocked account, and shall provide the account number, the name of the account, the location of the account, the name and address of the transferor and transferee financial instructions, the date of the deposit and the amount of the payment or transfer.

(d) This section does not apply to blocked tangible property, such as chattels, nor does it create an affirmative obligation on the part of the holder of such blocked tangible property to sell or liquidate the property and put the proceeds in a blocked account. However, the Office of Foreign Assets Control may issue licenses permitting

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or directing sales of tangible property in appropriate cases.

[58 FR 13201, Mar. 10, 1993, as amended at 60 FR 34145, June 30, 1995]

§ 585.204 Prohibited importation of goods or services from the FRY (S&M).

Except as otherwise authorized, no goods originating in, or services performed in, the FRY (S&M), exported from the FRY (S&M) after May 30, 1992, may be imported into the United States, nor may any U.S. person engage in any activity that promotes or is intended to promote such importation.

§ 585.205 Prohibited exportation and reexportation of goods, technology, or services to the FRY (S&M).

Except as otherwise authorized, no goods, technology (including technical data or other information controlled for export pursuant to the Export Administration Regulations, 15 CFR parts 768-799), or services, either (a) from the United States, (b) requiring the issuance of a license by a Federal agency, or (c) involving the use of U.S.-registered vessels or aircraft, may be exported, directly or indirectly, to the FRY (S&M), or to any entity operated from the FRY (S&M), or owned or controlled by the Government of the FRY (S&M), nor may any U.S. person engage in any activity that promotes or is intended to promote such exportation.

§ 585.206 Prohibited dealing in property.

Except as otherwise authorized, no U.S. person may deal in:

(a) Property originating in the FRY (S&M) and exported from the FRY (S&M) after May 30, 1992, or

(b) Property intended for exportation from the FRY (S&M) to any country, or for exportation to the FRY (S&M) from any country, or

(c) Property being transshipped through the FRY (S&M), or in any activity of any kind that promotes or is intended to promote such dealing.

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§ 585.207 Prohibited transportation-related transactions involving the FRY (S&M).

Except as otherwise authorized, the following are prohibited:

(a) Any transaction by a U.S. person, or involving the use of U.S. registered vessels and aircraft, relating to transportation to or from the FRY (S&M);

(b) The provision of transportation to or from the United States by:

(1) Any person in the FRY (S&M) or

(2) Any vessel or aircraft registered in the FRY (S&M), or

(3) Any vessel in which a majority or controlling interest is held by a person or entity in or operating from the FRY (S&M), regardless of registry; or

(c) The sale in the United States by any person holding authority under the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.) of any transportation by air that includes any stop in the FRY (S&M).

(d) *Example.* Unless licensed or exempted, no U.S. person may insure, or provide ticketing, ground, port, refueling, bunkering, clearance, or freight forwarding services with respect to,

(i) Any sea or air transportation the destination of which is the FRY (S&M), or which is intended to make a stop in the FRY (S&M), or

(ii) Any vessel in which a majority or controlling interest is held by a person or entity in or operating from the FRY (S&M).

§ 585.208 Prohibited overflights, take-offs and landings of aircraft en route to or from the FRY (S&M).

Except as otherwise authorized, no aircraft, regardless of registry, may take off from, land in, or overfly the United States, if the aircraft, as part of the same flight or as a continuation of that flight, is destined to land in or has taken off from the territory of the FRY (S&M). See also: Special Federal Aviation Regulation (SFAR) No. 66, 14 CFR part 91.

§ 585.209 Prohibited performance of contracts.

Except as otherwise authorized, no U.S. person may perform any contract,