(iv) General nature of work performed;
(v) Approximate underwater and surface conditions (visibility, water temperature and current); and
(vi) Maximum depth and bottom time for each diver.
(2) For each dive outside the no-decompression limits, deeper than 100 fsw or using mixed gas, the following additional information shall be recorded and maintained:
   (i) Depth-time and breathing gas profiles;
   (ii) Decompression table designation (including modification); and
   (iii) Elapsed time since last pressure exposure if less than 24 hours or repetitive dive designation for each diver.
(3) For each dive in which decompression sickness is suspected or symptoms are evident, the following additional information shall be recorded and maintained:
   (i) Description of decompression sickness symptoms (including depth and time of onset); and
   (ii) Description and results of treatment.
(e) Decompression procedure assessment. The employer shall:
   (1) Investigate and evaluate each incident of decompression sickness based on the recorded information, consideration of the past performance of decompression table used, and individual susceptibility;
   (2) Take appropriate corrective action to reduce the probability of recurrence of decompression sickness; and
   (3) Prepare a written evaluation of the decompression procedure assessment, including any corrective action taken, within 45 days of the incident of decompression sickness.
§ 1910.425 Surface-supplied air diving.
(a) General. Employers engaged in surface-supplied air diving shall comply with the following requirements, unless otherwise specified.
(b) Limits. (1) Surface-supplied air diving shall not be conducted at depths deeper than 190 fsw, except that dives with bottom times of 30 minutes or less may be conducted to depths of 220 fsw.
   (2) A decompression chamber shall be ready for use at the dive location for any dive outside the no-decompression limits or deeper than 100 fsw.
   (3) A bell shall be used for dives with an inwater decompression time greater than 120 minutes, except when heavy gear is worn or diving is conducted in physically confining spaces.
(c) Procedures. (1) Each diver shall be continuously tended while in the water.
   (2) A diver shall be stationed at the underwater point of entry when diving is conducted in enclosed or physically confining spaces.
   (3) Each diving operation shall have a primary breathing gas supply sufficient to support divers for the duration of