or in conjunction with, longshoring operations including, but not restricted
to, securing cargo, rigging, and employment as a porter, checker, or
watchman; and

(3) Vessel includes every description of watercraft or other artificial con-
trivance used, or capable of being used, as a means of transportation on water,
including special purpose floating structures not primarily designed for,
or used as a means of, transportation on water.

(4) Marine terminal means wharves, bulkheads, quays, piers, docks and
other berthing locations and adjacent storage or adjacent areas and struc-
tures associated with the primary movement of cargo or materials from
vessel to shore or shore to vessel including structures which are devoted to
receiving, handling, holding, consolidation and loading or delivery of
waterborne shipments or passengers, including areas devoted to the mainte-
nance of the terminal or equipment. The term does not include production
or manufacturing areas having their own docking facilities and located at a
marine terminal nor does the term include storage facilities directly associ-
at with those production or manufactur-
ing areas.

§ 1910.18 Changes in established Federal standards.
Whenever an occupational safety and
health standard adopted and incor-
porated by reference in this subpart B
is changed pursuant to section 6(b) of
the Act and the statute under which
the standard was originally promul-
gated, and in accordance with part 1911
of this chapter, the standard shall be
deemed changed for purposes of that
statute and this subpart B, and shall
apply under this subpart B. For the
purposes of this section, a change in a
standard includes any amendment, add-
ition, or repeal, in whole or in part, of
any standard.

§ 1910.19 Special provisions for air contaminants.
(a) Asbestos, tremolite, anthophyllite, and actinolite dust. Section 1910.1001
shall apply to the exposure of every employee to asbestos, tremolite,
anthophyllite, and actinolite dust in
every employment and place of em-
ployment covered by § 1910.16, in lieu of
any different standard on exposure to
asbestos, tremolite, anthophyllite, and
actinolite dust which would otherwise
be applicable by virtue of any of those
sections.

(b) Vinyl chloride. Section 1910.1017
shall apply to the exposure of every
employee to vinyl chloride in every
employment and place of employment
covered by §§1910.12, 1910.13, 1910.14,
1910.15, or 1910.16, in lieu of any differ-
ent standard on exposure to vinyl
chloride which would otherwise be appli-
cable by virtue of any of those sections.

(c) Acrylonitrile. Section 1910.1045
shall apply to the exposure of every
employee to acrylonitrile in every em-
ployment and place of employment
covered by §§1910.12, 1910.13, 1910.14,
1910.15, or §1910.16, in lieu of any differ-
ent standard on exposure to acrylo-
nitrile which would otherwise be appli-
cable by virtue of any of those sections.

(d) Inorganic arsenic. Section 1910.1018
shall apply to the exposure of every
employee to inorganic arsenic in every
employment covered by §§1910.12,
1910.13, 1910.14, 1910.15, or §1910.16, in
Occupational Safety and Health Admin., Labor § 1910.21

lieu of any different standard on exposure to inorganic arsenic which would otherwise be applicable by virtue of any of those sections.

(f) [Reserved]

(g) Lead. Section 1910.1025 shall apply to the exposure of every employee to lead in every employment and place of employment covered by §§1910.13, 1910.14, 1910.15, and 1910.16, in lieu of any different standard on exposure to lead which would otherwise be applicable by virtue of those sections.

(h) Ethylene oxide. Section 1910.1047 shall apply to the exposure of every employee to ethylene oxide in every employment and place of employment covered by §§1910.13, 1910.14, 1910.15, or 1910.16, in lieu of any different standard on exposure to ethylene oxide which would otherwise be applicable by virtue of those sections.

(i) 4,4′-Methylenedianiline (MDA). Section 1910.1050 shall apply to the exposure of every employee to MDA in every employment and place of employment covered by §§1910.13, 1910.14, 1910.15, or 1910.16, in lieu of any different standard on exposure to MDA which would otherwise be applicable by virtue of those sections.

(j) Formaldehyde. Section 1910.1048 shall apply to the exposure of every employee to formaldehyde in every employment and place of employment covered by §§1910.12, 1910.13, 1910.14, 1910.15, or 1910.16 in lieu of any different standard on exposure to formaldehyde which would otherwise be applicable by virtue of those sections.

(k) Cadmium. Section 1910.1027 shall apply to the exposure of every employee to cadmium in every employment and place of employment covered by §1910.16, in lieu of any different standard on exposures to cadmium that would otherwise be applicable by virtue of those sections.

(l) 1,3-Butadiene (BD). Section 1910.1051 shall apply to the exposure of every employee to BD in every employment and place of employment covered by §§1910.12, 1910.13, 1910.14, 1910.15, or 1910.16, in lieu of any different standard on exposure to BD which would otherwise be applicable by virtue of those sections.

(m) Methylene chloride (MC). Section 1910.1052 shall apply to the exposure of every employee to MC in every employment and place of employment covered by §1910.16 in lieu of any different standard on exposure to MC which would otherwise be applicable by virtue of that section when it is not present in sealed, intact containers.

Subpart C [Reserved]

Subpart D—Walking-Working Surfaces

AUTHORITY: Secs. 4, 6, and 8 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 653, 655, and 657); Secretary of Labor’s Order No. 12–71 (36 FR 8754), 8–76 (41 FR 25059), 9–83 (48 FR 35736), or 1–90 (55 FR 9033), as applicable; and 29 CFR part 1911.

§ 1910.21 Definitions.

(a) As used in §1910.23, unless the context requires otherwise, floor and wall opening, railing and toe board terms shall have the meanings ascribed in this paragraph.

(1) Floor hole. An opening measuring less than 12 inches but more than 1 inch in its least dimension, in any floor, platform, pavement, or yard, through which materials but not persons may fall; such as a belt hole, pipe opening, or slot opening.

(2) Floor opening. An opening measuring 12 inches or more in its least dimension, in any floor, platform, pavement, or yard through which materials but not persons may fall; such as a hatchway, stair or ladder opening, pit, or large manhole.

(3) Handrail. A single bar or pipe supported on brackets from a wall or partition, as on a stairway or ramp, to furnish persons with a handhold in case of tripping.

(4) Platform. A working space for persons, elevated above the surrounding floor or ground; such as a balcony or