- (3) A payment bond on the part of the contractor for 100 percent of the contract price. A "payment bond" is one executed in connection with a contract to assure payment as required by statute of all persons supplying labor and material in the execution of the work provided for in the contract.
- (4) Where bonds are required in the situations described herein, the bonds must be obtained from companies holding certificates of authority as acceptable sureties pursuant to 31 CFR part 223, "Surety Companies Doing Business with the United States."
- (d) All negotiated contracts (except those for less than the small purchase threshold) awarded by recipients must include a provision to the effect that the recipient, the Department, the Comptroller General of the United States, or any of their duly authorized representatives, must have access to any books, documents, papers and records of the contractor which are directly pertinent to a specific program for the purpose of making audits, examinations, excerpts and transcriptions.
- (e) All contracts, including small purchases, awarded by recipients and their contractors must contain the procurement provisions of appendix A to this part as applicable.

## REPORTS AND RECORDS

## $\S 70.50$ Purpose of reports and records.

Sections 70.51 through 70.53 set forth the procedures for monitoring and reporting on the recipient's financial and program performance and the necessary standard reporting forms. They also set forth record retention requirements

## § 70.51 Monitoring and reporting program performance.

- (a) Recipients are responsible for managing and monitoring each project, program, subaward, function or activity supported by the award. Recipients must monitor subawards to ensure subrecipients have met the audit requirements as delineated in §70.26.
- (b) Performance reports must be submitted based on each calendar quarter. Reports are due thirty days after the reporting period, unless stated dif-

- ferently in the terms and conditions of the award. The final performance reports are due ninety calendar days after the expiration or termination of the award.
- (c) Performance reports must contain, for each award, brief information on each of the following.
- (1) A comparison of actual accomplishments with the goals and objectives established for the period, the findings of the investigator, or both. Whenever appropriate and the output of programs or projects can be readily quantified, such quantitative data should be related to cost data for computation of unit costs.
- (2) Reasons why established goals were not met, if appropriate.
- (3) Other pertinent information including, when appropriate, analysis and explanation of cost overruns or high unit costs.
- (d) Recipients are required to submit the original and two copies of performance reports.
- (e) Recipients must immediately notify the department, in writing, of developments that have a significant impact on the award-supported activities. Also, written notification must be given in the case of problems, delays, or adverse conditions which materially impair the ability to meet the objectives of the award. This notification must include a statement of the action taken or contemplated, and any assistance needed to resolve the situation.
- (f) The Department will make site visits, as needed.
- (g) The Department will comply with clearance requirements of 5 CFR part 1320 when requesting performance data from recipients.

[Order No. 1980–95, 60 FR 38242, July 26, 1995; Order No. 1998–95, 60 FR 57932, Nov. 24, 1995]

## § 70.52 Financial reporting.

- (a) The following forms or such other forms as may be approved by OMB are authorized for obtaining financial information from recipients.
- (1) SF-269 or SF-269A, Financial Status Report.
- (i) Recipients are required to use the SF-269 or SF-269A to report the status of funds for all nonconstruction projects or programs.