§21.103

One ml of 0.25 N hydrochloric acid equals 0.01 gram of sodium hydroxide (anhydrous).

[T.D. ATF-133, 48 FR 24673, June 2, 1983. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-442, 66 FR 12854, Mar. 1, 2001]

§21.103 Chloroform.

- (a) Odor. Characteristic odor.
- (b) Specific gravity at 25 $^{\circ}/25$ $^{\circ}C$. Not less than 1.400.

[T.D. ATF-133, 48 FR 24673, June 2, 1983. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-442, 66 FR 12854, Mar. 1, 2001]

§21.104 Cinchonidine.

- (a) Melting point. 208° to 210 °C.
- (b) Color. White powder.
- (c) Taste. Bitter.
- (d) *Test*. A solution of cinchonidine in dilute sulfuric acid shall not have more than a faint blue fluorescence (to distinguish from quinine and quinoidine).

[T.D. ATF-133, 48 FR 24673, June 2, 1983. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-442, 66 FR 12854, Mar. 1, 2001]

§21.105 Citronella oil, natural.

- (a) Java type:
- (1) Alcohol content (as Geraniol). Not less than 85 percent by weight.
- (2) Aldehyde content (as Citronellal). Not less than 30 percent by weight.
- (3) Refractive index at 20 °C. 1.4660 to 1.4745.
- (4) Specific gravity at 25 $^{\circ}/25$ $^{\circ}C$. 0.875 to 0.893.
 - (5) Odor. Characteristic odor.
 - (b) Ceylon type:
- (1) Alcohol content (as Geraniol). Not less than 55 percent by weight.
- (2) Aldehyde content (as Citronellal). Not less than 7 percent by weight.
- (3) Refractive index at 20 °C. 1.4790 to 1.4850.
- (4) Specific gravity at 25 °/25 °C. 0.891 to 0.904.
- (5) Odor. Characteristic odor.

[T.D. ATF-133, 48 FR 24673, June 2, 1983. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-442, 66 FR 12854, Mar. 1, 2001]

§21.106 Diethyl phthalate.

- (a) Refractive index at 25 $^{\circ}C$. 1.497 to 1.502.
 - (b) Color. Colorless.
 - (c) Odor. Practically odorless.
- (d) Solubility. Soluble in 20 parts of 60 percent alcohol.

- (e) Specific gravity at 25 °/25 °C. 1.115 to 1.118.
- (f) Ester content (as diethyl phthalate). Not less than 99 percent by weight.

NOTE. The sample taken for ester determination should be approximately 0.8 gram. The number of ml of 0.5 N potassium hydroxide used in saponification multiplied by 0.05555 indicates the number of grams of ester in the sample taken for assay.

[T.D. ATF-133, 48 FR 24673, June 2, 1983. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-442, 66 FR 12854, Mar. 1, 2001]

§21.107 Ethyl acetate.

- (a) 85 percent ester:
- (1) Acidity (as acetic acid). Not more than 0.015 percent by weight.
 - (2) Color. Colorless.
 - (3) Odor. Characteristic odor.
- (4) Ester content. Not less than 85 percent by weight.
- (5) Specific gravity at 20 °/20 °C. Not less than 0.882.
- (6) Distillation range. (For applicable ASTM method, see 1980 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Part 29, page 70, Standard No. D 302–58 (1975); for incorporation by reference, see §21.6(b).) When 100 ml of ethyl acetate are distilled by this method, none shall distill below 70 °C., not more than 10 ml shall distill below 72 °C., and none above 80 °C.
 - (b) 100 percent ester:
- (1) Acidity (as acetic acid). Not more than 0.010 percent by weight.
 - (2) Color. Colorless.
 - $(3)\ Odor.$ Characteristic odor.
- (4) Ester content. Not less than 99 percent by weight.
- (5) Specific gravity at 20 °/20 °C. Not less than 0.899.
- (6) Distillation range. (For applicable ASTM method, see 1980 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Part 29, page 433, Standard No. D 3127-77; for incorporation by reference, see §21.6(b).) When 100 ml of ethyl acetate are distilled by this method, not more than 2 ml shall distill below 75 °C., and none above 80 °C. (760 mm).

[T.D. ATF-133, 48 FR 24673, June 2, 1983. Redesignated by T.D. ATF-442, 66 FR 12854, Mar. 1, 2001]

§21.108 Ethyl ether.

(a) Odor. Characteristic odor.