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(Ch. 390, Pub. L. 80-280, 61 Stat. 648 as amended (31 U.S.C. 9304, 9306))

§ 19.234 Deposit of securities in lieu of corporate surety.

In lieu of corporate surety, the principal may pledge and deposit, as surety for his bond, securities which are transferable and are guaranteed as to both interest and principal by the United States, in accordance with the provisions of 31 CFR part 225.

(Ch. 390, Pub. L. 80-280, 61 Stat. 650 (31 U.S.C. 9301, 9303))

§ 19.235 Consents of surety.

Consents of surety to changes in the terms of bonds shall be executed on Form 1533 by the principal and by the surety with the same formality and proof of authority as is required for the execution of bonds.

(Sec. 805(c), Pub. L. 96-39, 93 Stat. 276 (26 U.S.C. 5173))

§ 19.236 Filing and execution of powers of attorney.

(a) *Filing.* Each bond, and each consent to changes in the terms of a bond, shall be accompanied by a power of attorney authorizing the agent or officer who executed the bond or consent to so act on behalf of the surety. The appropriate TTB officer who is authorized to approve the bond may require additional evidence of the authority of the agent or officer to execute the bond or consent.

(b) *Execution.* The power of attorney shall be prepared on a form provided by the surety company and executed under the corporate seal of the company. If the power of attorney submitted is other than a manually signed original, it shall be accompanied by certification of its validity.

(Ch. 390, Pub. L. 80-280, 61 Stat. 648 (31 U.S.C. 9304, 9306))

§ 19.237 Disapproval of bonds or consents of surety.

(a) *Disapproval.* The appropriate TTB officer may disapprove any bond or consent of surety submitted in respect to the operations of a distiller, warehouseman, or processor, if the principal or any person owning, controlling, or actively participating in the management of the business of the principal shall have been previously convicted, in a court of competent jurisdiction of—

(1) Any fraudulent noncompliance with any provision of any law of the United States, if such provision related to internal revenue or customs taxation of spirits, wines, or beer, or if such an offense shall have been compromised with the person on payment of penalties or otherwise, or

(2) Any felony under a law of any State or the District of Columbia, or the United States, prohibiting the manufacture, sale, importation, or transportation of spirits, wine, beer, or other intoxicating liquor.

(b) *Appeal.* Where a bond or consent of surety is disapproved by the appropriate TTB officer, the person giving the bond may appeal to the Administrator, who will hear such appeal. The decision of the Administrator shall be final.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1394, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5551))

§§ 19.238-19.240 [Reserved]

§ 19.241 Operations bond—distilled spirits plant and adjacent bonded wine cellar.

(a) *General.* A wine cellar under the provisions of 27 CFR part 24 shall be treated as being adjacent to a distilled spirits plant if—

(1) Such distilled spirits plant is qualified under subpart G for the production of distilled spirits; and

(2) Such wine cellar and distilled spirits plant are operated by the same person (or in the case of a corporation, by such corporation and its controlled subsidiaries). For the purpose of this section a controlled subsidiary is a corporation where more than 50 percent of the voting power is controlled by the parent corporation.

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(b) *Bond in lieu of wine cellar bond.* In the case of an adjacent bonded wine cellar, a bond furnished under this subpart which covers operations at such bonded wine cellar shall be in lieu of any bond which would otherwise be required under 26 U.S.C. 5354 with respect to such wine cellar (other than supplemental bonds required under the second sentence of 26 U.S.C. 5354) and the operations bond listed in § 19.245(a)(1).

(c) *Liability.* Bonds given under this section shall contain the terms and conditions of the bonds in lieu of which they are given. The total amount of such operations bond shall be available for the satisfaction of any liability incurred under the terms or conditions of such bond.

(Sec. 805(c), Pub. L. 96-39, 93 Stat. 276 (26 U.S.C. 5173))

[T.D. ATF-198, 50 FR 8464, Mar. 1, 1985, as amended by T.D. ATF-299, 55 FR 24989, June 19, 1990]

§ 19.242 Area operations bond.

Any person (or, in the case of a corporation, a corporation and its controlled subsidiaries) operating more than one plant in a region may give an area operations bond covering the operation of any two or more of such plants, and any bonded wine cellars which are adjacent to such plants and which otherwise could be covered by an operations bond. For the purpose of this section, a controlled subsidiary is a corporation where more than 50 percent of the voting power is controlled by the parent corporation. Bonds given under this section shall be in lieu of the bonds which would be required under § 19.245(a) and shall contain the terms and conditions of such bonds. If the area operations bond covers the operations of more than one corporation, each corporation shall be shown as principal, and the bond shall be signed for each corporation. The total amount of the area operations bond shall be available for the satisfaction of any liability incurred under the terms or conditions of such bond.

(Sec. 805(c), Pub. L. 96-39, 93 Stat. 276 (26 U.S.C. 5173))

27 CFR Ch. I (4-1-10 Edition)

§ 19.243 Withdrawal bond.

Any person (or, in the case of a corporation, a corporation and its controlled subsidiaries) operating one or more distilled spirits plants within a region and who intends to withdraw spirits from bond on determination, but before payment, of the tax shall, before making any such withdrawal, furnish a withdrawal bond to secure payment of the tax on all spirits so withdrawn. Such bond shall be in addition to the operations bond, and if the distilled spirits are withdrawn under the withdrawal bond, the operations bond shall no longer cover liability for payment of the tax on the spirits withdrawn. For the purpose of this section, a controlled subsidiary is a corporation where more than 50 percent of the voting power is controlled by the parent corporation. The bond, if it covers more than one plant, shall show as to each plant covered by the bond the part of the total sum which represents the penal sum (computed in accordance with § 19.245) for each such plant. If the penal sum of the bond covering a plant, or the penal sum allocated to any plant (where the bond covers more than one plant), is in an amount less than the maximum prescribed in § 19.245, withdrawals from such plant shall not exceed the quantity permissible, as reflected by the penal sum in the bond for such plant. Such withdrawal bond shall be conditioned that the total amount of the bond shall be available for satisfaction of any liability incurred under the terms and conditions of such bond.

(Sec. 805(c), Pub. L. 96-39, 93 Stat. 276 (26 U.S.C. 5173))

§ 19.244 Unit bond.

Any person (or, in the case of a corporation, a corporation and its controlled subsidiaries) who would otherwise be required to give bonds for both operations at one or more distilled spirits plants (and any adjacent bonded wine cellars) and withdrawals from one or more distilled spirits plants within a region may, in lieu of furnishing separate bonds for operations and withdrawals, furnish a unit bond containing the terms and conditions of the bonds