(8) Limitation on recharacterized income. The amount of gross income from an activity that is treated as not from a passive activity for the taxable year under subparagraphs (f) (2) through (4) of this paragraph (f) shall not exceed the greatest amount of gross income treated as not from a passive activity under any one of such subparagraphs.

(9) Meaning of certain terms. For purposes of this paragraph (f), the terms set forth below shall have the following meanings:

(i) The net passive income from an activity for a taxable year is the amount by which the taxpayer's passive activity gross income from the activity for the taxable year (determined without regard to paragraphs (f) (2) through (4) of this section) exceeds the taxpayer's passive activity deductions from the activity for such year;

(ii) The net passive loss from an activity for a taxable year is the amount by which the taxpayer's passive activity deductions from the activity for the taxable year exceeds the taxpayer's passive activity gross income from the activity for such year (determined without regard to paragraphs (f) (2) through (4) of this section).

(iii) [Reserved]. See §1.469–2(f)(9)(iii) for rules relating to this paragraph.

(iv) [Reserved]. See §1.469–2(f)(9)(iv) for rules relating to this paragraph.

(10) Coordination with section 163(d). [Reserved]. See paragraph 1.469–2(f)(10) for rules relating to this paragraph.

(11) Effective date. For the effective date of the rules in this paragraph (f), see §1.469–11T (relating to effective date and transition rules).


§ 1.469–3T Passive activity credit (temporary).

(a) Computation of passive activity credit. The taxpayer's passive activity credit for the taxable year is the amount (if any) by which—

(1) The sum of all of the taxpayer's credits that are subject to section 469 for such year; exceeds

(2) The taxpayer's regular tax liability allocable to all passive activities for such year.

(b) Credits subject to section 469—(1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph (b), a credit is subject to section 469 for a taxable year if and only if—

(1) Such credit—

(A) Is attributable to such taxable year and arises in connection with the conduct of an activity that is a passive activity for such taxable year; and

(B) Is described in—

(1) Section 38(b) (1) through (5) (relating to general business credits);

(2) Section 27(b) (relating to corporations described in section 936);

(3) Section 28 (relating to clinical testing of certain drugs); or

(4) Section 29 (relating to fuel from nonconventional sources);

(ii) Such credit is allocable to an activity for such taxable year under §1.469–1T(f)(4).

(2) Treatment of credits attributable to qualified progress expenditures. Any credit attributable to an increase in qualified investment under section 46(d)(1)(A) (relating to qualified progress expenditures) with respect to progress expenditure property (as defined in section 46(d)(2)) is subject to section 469 for a taxable year if—

(i) Such credit is attributable to such taxable year;

(ii) Such credit is described in paragraph (b)(1)(i)(B) of this section; and

§ 1.469–3 Passive activity credit.

(a)-(d) [Reserved]

(e) Coordination with section 38(b). Any credit described in section 38(b) (1) through (5) is taken into account in computing the current year business credit for the first taxable year in which the credit is subject to section 469 and is not disallowed by section 469 and the regulations thereunder.

(f) Coordination with section 50. In the case of any cessation described in section 50(a) (1) or (2), the credits allocable to the taxpayer's activities under §1.469–1(f)(4) shall be adjusted by reason of the cessation.

(g) [Reserved]

[T.D. 8417, 57 FR 20758, May 15, 1992]

§ 1.469–3T Passive activity credit (temporary).

(a) Computation of passive activity credit. The taxpayer's passive activity credit for the taxable year is the amount (if any) by which—

(1) The sum of all of the taxpayer's credits that are subject to section 469 for such year; exceeds

(2) The taxpayer's regular tax liability allocable to all passive activities for such year.

(b) Credits subject to section 469—(1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph (b), a credit is subject to section 469 for a taxable year if and only if—

(1) Such credit—

(A) Is attributable to such taxable year and arises in connection with the conduct of an activity that is a passive activity for such taxable year; and

(B) Is described in—

(1) Section 38(b) (1) through (5) (relating to general business credits);

(2) Section 27(b) (relating to corporations described in section 936);

(3) Section 28 (relating to clinical testing of certain drugs); or

(4) Section 29 (relating to fuel from nonconventional sources);

(ii) Such credit is allocable to an activity for such taxable year under §1.469–1T(f)(4).

(2) Treatment of credits attributable to qualified progress expenditures. Any credit attributable to an increase in qualified investment under section 46(d)(1)(A) (relating to qualified progress expenditures) with respect to progress expenditure property (as defined in section 46(d)(2)) is subject to section 469 for a taxable year if—

(i) Such credit is attributable to such taxable year;

(ii) Such credit is described in paragraph (b)(1)(i)(B) of this section; and

§ 1.469–3 Passive activity credit.

(a)-(d) [Reserved]

(e) Coordination with section 38(b). Any credit described in section 38(b) (1) through (5) is taken into account in computing the current year business credit for the first taxable year in which the credit is subject to section 469 and is not disallowed by section 469 and the regulations thereunder.

(f) Coordination with section 50. In the case of any cessation described in section 50(a) (1) or (2), the credits allocable to the taxpayer's activities under §1.469–1(f)(4) shall be adjusted by reason of the cessation.

(g) [Reserved]

[T.D. 8417, 57 FR 20758, May 15, 1992]