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Hours of service methods or permitted equivalencies. Such a plan will be treated as satisfying the requirements of sections 410(a)(5)(E) and 411(a)(6)(E) if the plan increases the minimum period of consecutive 1-year breaks required to disregard any service (or deprive any employee of any right) by one. Thus, a plan will satisfy sections 410(a)(5)(E) and 411(a)(6)(E) without having to compute service for maternity or paternity and sections 410(a)(5)(D) and 411(a)(4)(D) and (a)(6)(C), by increasing the period of consecutive breaks-in-service from 5 to 6.


§ 1.410(a)–9T Elapsed time (temporary).

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   (ii) For purposes of section 410(a)(1)(B)(i), a “2-year period of service” shall be deemed to be “3 years of service.”
   (d) Vesting—(1) General rule.
   (i)–(iii) [Reserved]
   (iv) For purposes of determining an employee’s nonforfeitable percentage of accrued benefits derived from employer contributions, a plan, after calculating an employee’s period of service in the manner prescribed in this paragraph, may disregard any remaining less than whole year, 12-month or 365-day period of service. Thus, for example, if a plan provides for the statutory three to seven year graded vesting, an employee with a period (or periods) of service which yields 3 whole year periods of service and an additional 321-day period of service is twenty percent vested in his or her employer-derived accrued benefits (based solely on the 3 whole year periods of service).

[T.D. 8170, 53 FR 239, Jan. 6, 1988]

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§ 1.410(b)–1 Minimum coverage requirements (before 1994).
(a) In general. A plan is not a qualified plan (and a trust forming a part of the plan is not a qualified trust) unless the plan satisfies section 410(b)(1). For plan years prior to the applicable effective date set forth in §1.410(b)–10, a plan satisfies section 410(b)(1) if it satisfies the requirements of paragraph (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this section. See also §1.410(b)–2 for plan years beginning on or after the applicable effective date set forth in §1.410(b)–10.
(b) Classification test—(1) Percentage test. A plan satisfies the requirements of this subparagraph if it benefits—
   (i) Seventy percent or more of all employees, or
   (ii) Eighty percent or more of all employees who are eligible to benefit under the plan if 70 percent or more of all the employees are eligible to benefit under the plan, excluding in each case employees who have not satisfied the minimum age and service requirements (if any) prescribed by the plan, as of the date coverage is tested, as a condition of participation and employees permitted to be excluded under paragraph (c) of this section. The percentage requirements of this subparagraph refer to a percentage of active employees, including employees temporarily on leave, such as those in the Armed Forces of the United States, if such employees are eligible under the plan.
   (2) Classification test. A plan satisfies the requirements of section 410(b)(1) and this subparagraph if it benefits such employees as qualify under a classification of employees set up by the employer, which classification is found by the Internal Revenue Service not to be discriminatory in favor of employees who are officers, shareholders, or highly compensated. For purposes of this subparagraph, except as provided