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is an electing small business corporation and may not be added to the amount allowable as a credit under section 38 to the shareholders of the acquiring corporation for such taxable year. However, in such a case, a taxable year for which the acquiring corporation is an electing small business corporation shall be counted as a taxable year for purposes of determining the taxable years to which such unused credit may be carried.

(i) [Reserved]

(j) Carryover of operating capacity for qualified intercity bus. For rules for determining an acquiring corporation’s qualified investment for the energy credit for a qualified intercity bus, see §1.48–9(q)(11).


§ 1.381(c)(24)–1 Work incentive program credit carryovers in certain corporate acquisitions.

The computation of carryovers and carrybacks of unused WIN credits in a transaction to which section 381 applies shall be made under the principles of §1.381(c)(23)–1 (relating to the computation of carryovers and carrybacks of unused investment credits), except that the provisions of paragraph (c)(4) and paragraph (e)(6), (7), and (8) of such section shall not apply.


[T.D. 7289, 38 FR 30557, Nov. 6, 1973]

§ 1.381(c)(25)–1 Deficiency dividend of a qualified investment entity.

(a) Carryover requirement. If a distributor or transferor corporation in a transaction to which section 381 applies shall be made under the principles of §1.381(c)(25)–1 relating to the computation of carryovers and carrybacks of unused investment credits), except that the provisions of paragraph (c)(4) and paragraph (e)(6), (7), and (8) of such section shall not apply.

(b) Deficiency dividends paid by the acquiring corporation with respect to the distributor or transferor corporation. A deficiency dividend paid by the acquiring corporation with respect to the distributor or transferor corporation must be a distribution that would satisfy the definition of a deficiency dividend under section 860(f) if paid by the distributor or transferor corporation to its own shareholders. The distribution, however, shall be paid by the acquiring corporation to its own shareholders. The distribution also shall be paid after the date of distribution or transfer and on, or within 90 days after, the date of the determination but before the acquiring corporation files a claim under paragraph (c) of this section.

(c) Claim for deduction. A claim for deduction under this section shall be made by the acquiring corporation on Form 976 and shall be filed within 120 days after the date of the determination. The form shall contain, or be accompanied by, the information required under §1.860–2(b)(2) in sufficient detail to properly identify the facts with respect to the distributor or transferor corporation and the acquiring corporation. The required certified copy of the resolution authorizing the payment of the dividend shall be that of the trustees, board of directors, or other authority, of the acquiring corporation. Necessary changes may be made in Form 976 in order to carry out the provisions of this paragraph. The claim shall be filed with the district director, or director of the internal revenue service center, with whom the return of the distributor or transferor
corporation to which the claim relates was filed.

(d) **Effect on dividends paid deduction.** A deficiency dividend paid by the acquiring corporation that is allowable as a deduction to a distributor or transferor corporation pursuant to section 381(c)(25) shall not become a part of the dividends paid deduction of the acquiring corporation under section 561 for any taxable year.

(e) **Successive transactions to which section 381(a) applies.** The provisions of this section shall apply in the case of successive transactions to which section 381(a) applies. Thus, if X corporation transfers its assets to Y corporation in a transaction to which section 381(a) applies and if Y corporation transfers its assets to Z corporation in a subsequent transaction to which section 381(a) applies, then, subject to the provisions of this section, X corporation may take a deficiency dividend deduction for the amount of deficiency dividends paid by Z corporation with respect to X corporation.

See § 1.51–1(h) for a rule that applies to certain transfers of a trade or business in which a member of a targeted group is employed.

For the application of part V, subchapter C, chapter 1 of the Code to operations loss carryovers of life insurance companies, see section 812(f) and § 1.812–7 and section 381(c)(22) and § 1.381(c)(22)–1.

§ 1.381(d)–1 Operations loss carryovers of life insurance companies.

For the application of part V, subchapter C, chapter 1 of the Code to operations loss carryovers of life insurance companies, see section 812(f) and § 1.812–7 and section 381(c)(22) and § 1.381(c)(22)–1.


§ 1.382–1 Table of contents.

This section lists the captions that appear in the regulations for §§ 1.382–1T, 1.382–2, 1.382–2T, and 1.382–3 through 1.382–11.

§ 1.382–1T [Reserved]

§ 1.382–2 General rules for ownership change.

(a) Certain definitions for purposes of sections 382 and 383 and the regulations thereunder.

(1) Loss corporation.

(i) In general.

(ii) Distributor of transferor loss corporation in a transaction under section 381.

(iii) Separate accounting required for losses and credits of an acquiring corporation and a distributor or transferor loss corporation.

(iv) End of separate accounting for losses and credits of distributor or transferor corporation.

(v) Application to other successor corporations.

(3) Stock.

(i) In general.

(ii) Convertible stock.

(4) Testing date.

(i) In general.

(ii) Exceptions.

(5) Successor corporation.

(6) Predecessor corporation.

(b) Effective dates.

(1) In general.

(2) Rules provided in paragraph (a)(3)(ii) of this section.

(3) Rules provided in paragraph (a)(4) of this section.

§ 1.382–2T Definition of ownership change under section 382, as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1986 (temporary).

(a) Ownership change. (1) In general.

(2) Events requiring a determination of whether an ownership change has occurred.

(i) Testing dates prior to November 5, 1982.

(ii) [Reserved]

(iii) Records to be maintained by loss corporation.

(A) Exception.