and to suggest modification in the proposed terms and conditions of the purchase. The Commission shall consider the owner’s presentation.

(d) If the condition of the property indicates the need for a new appraisal or if a significant delay has occurred since the time of the latest appraisal of the property, the Commission shall have the appraisal updated or obtain a new appraisal. If a new appraisal is for a lesser value than the previous appraisal and said lesser value is due to damage done to the property during the time between the two appraisals, and such damage was not caused by the owner of the improvement, the owner shall be entitled to the higher appraisal value.

(e) [Reserved]

(f) Objection to determination of fair market value. If the owner objects to the Commission’s determination of fair market value, the owner may request a hearing pursuant to the Commission’s Hearing and Administrative Review procedures;

(g) Payment before taking possession. Before requiring an owner to surrender possession of his habitations and/or improvements, the Commission shall—

(1) Apply the agreed purchase price towards the acquisition price of the replacement dwelling or;

(2) Deposit with the court in an appropriate proceeding, such as divorce or probate, for the benefit of the owner, an amount not less than the Commission’s determination of fair market value for the property or the court award of compensation for the property up to the maximum benefit allowed under the then existing replacement housing benefit.

§ 700.119 Establishment of fair market value.

(a) General. The Commission shall establish the amount of fair market value to be offered to the owner for the habitations and/or improvements. Such amount shall not be less than—

(1) The appraiser’s recommendations as to the fair market value of the habitations and/or improvements; or

(2) The fair market value estimate set forth in the agency’s approved appraisal, if the property is valued at $2,000 or less.

(b) Owner retention of improvements. If the owner of a habitation and/or improvement is permitted to retain it for removal off-site, the amount determined to be just compensation for the interest in habitations and/or improvements to be acquired from him shall not be less than the amount determined by subtracting the salvage value of the improvements he retains for off-site removal from the amount determined to be fair market value for his entire interest in the habitation and improvement. Retention of improvements by the owner shall not change, alter or abrogate the requirement of the Act that the owner must move from land partitioned to the tribe of which he/she is not a member.