

SUBCHAPTER A—GENERAL PROVISIONS

PART 501—PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF THIS CHAPTER

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501.1 Purpose.

501.2 Scope.

AUTHORITY: 25 U.S.C. 2706, 2710.

SOURCE: 58 FR 5810, Jan. 22, 1993, unless otherwise noted.

§ 501.1 Purpose.

This chapter implements the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (Pub. L. 100-497, 102 Stat. 2467).

§ 501.2 Scope.

(a) Tribes and other operators of class II and class III gaming operations on Indian lands shall conduct gaming operations according to the requirements of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act, the regulations of this chapter, tribal law and, where applicable, the requirements of a compact or procedures prescribed by the Secretary under 25 U.S.C. 2710(d).

(b) Class I gaming on Indian lands is within the exclusive jurisdiction of the Indian tribes and shall not be subject to the provisions of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act or this chapter.

(c) Class II gaming on Indian lands shall continue to be within the jurisdiction of an Indian tribe, but shall be subject to the provisions of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act and this chapter.

(d) Nothing in the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act or this chapter shall impair the right of an Indian tribe to regulate class III gaming on its Indian lands concurrently with a State, except to the extent that such regulation is inconsistent with, or less stringent than, the State laws and regulations made applicable by a Tribal-State compact that is entered into by an Indian tribe under the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act and that is in effect.

PART 502—DEFINITIONS OF THIS CHAPTER

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AUTHORITY: 25 U.S.C. 2701 *et seq.*

SOURCE: 57 FR 12392, Apr. 9, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

§ 502.1 Chairman.

Chairman means the Chairman of the National Indian Gaming Commission or his or her designee.

§ 502.2 Class I gaming.

Class I gaming means:

(a) Social games played solely for prizes of minimal value; or

(b) Traditional forms of Indian gaming when played by individuals in connection with tribal ceremonies or celebrations.

§ 502.3 Class II gaming.

Class II gaming means:

(a) Bingo or lotto (whether or not electronic, computer, or other technologic aids are used) when played by:

(1) Play for prizes with cards bearing numbers or other designations;

(2) Cover numbers or designations when object, similarly numbered or

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designated, are drawn or electronically determined; and

(3) Win the game by being the first person to cover a designated pattern on such cards;

(b) If played in the same location as bingo or lotto, pull-tabs, punch boards, tip jars, instant bingo, and other games similar to bingo;

(c) Nonbanking card games that:

(1) State law explicitly authorizes, or does not explicitly prohibit, and are played legally anywhere in the state; and

(2) Players play in conformity with state laws and regulations concerning hours, periods of operation, and limitations on wagers and pot sizes;

(d) Card games played in the states of Michigan, North Dakota, South Dakota, or Washington if:

(1) An Indian tribe actually operates the same card games as played on or before May 1, 1988, as determined by the Chairman; and

(2) The pot and wager limits remain the same as on or before May 1, 1988, as determined by the Chairman;

(e) Individually owned class II gaming operations—

(1) That were operating on September 1, 1986;

(2) That meet the requirements of 25 U.S.C. 2710(b)(4)(B);

(3) Where the nature and scope of the game remains as it was on October 17, 1988; and

(4) Where the ownership interest or interests are the same as on October 17, 1988.

§ 502.4 Class III gaming.

Class III gaming means all forms of gaming that are not class I gaming or class II gaming, including but not limited to:

(a) Any house banking game, including but not limited to—

(1) Card games such as baccarat, chemin de fer, blackjack (21), and pai gow (if played as house banking games);

(2) Casino games such as roulette, craps, and keno;

(b) Any slot machines as defined in 15 U.S.C. 1171(a)(1) and electronic or electromechanical facsimiles of any game of chance;

(c) Any sports betting and pari-mutuel wagering including but not lim-

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ited to wagering on horse racing, dog racing or jai alai; or

(d) Lotteries.

§ 502.5 Collateral agreement.

Collateral agreement means any contract, whether or not in writing, that is related, either directly or indirectly, to a management contract, or to any rights, duties or obligations created between a tribe (or any of its members, entities, or organizations) and a management contractor or subcontractor (or any person or entity related to a management contractor or subcontractor).

§ 502.6 Commission.

Commission means the National Indian Gaming Commission.

§ 502.7 Electronic, computer or other technologic aid.

(a) *Electronic, computer or other technologic aid* means any machine or device that:

(1) Assists a player or the playing of a game;

(2) Is not an electronic or electromechanical facsimile; and

(3) Is operated in accordance with applicable Federal communications law.

(b) Electronic, computer or other technologic aids include, but are not limited to, machines or devices that:

(1) Broaden the participation levels in a common game;

(2) Facilitate communication between and among gaming sites; or

(3) Allow a player to play a game with or against other players rather than with or against a machine.

(c) Examples of electronic, computer or other technologic aids include pull tab dispensers and/or readers, telephones, cables, televisions, screens, satellites, bingo blowers, electronic player stations, or electronic cards for participants in bingo games.

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§ 502.8 Electronic or electromechanical facsimile.

Electronic or electromechanical facsimile means a game played in an electronic or electromechanical format that replicates a game of chance by incorporating all of the characteristics of the game, except when, for bingo,