driven to obtain maintenance and service;
(6) Driver costs; and
(7) All expenses referred to in §39.707.
(b) In addition, all day schools and on-reservation boarding schools must include in their report a Day Student Transportation Form signed and certified as complete and accurate by the School Principal and the appropriate ELO.

§ 39.730 Which standards must student transportation vehicles meet?
All vehicles used by schools to transport students must meet or exceed all appropriate Federal motor vehicle safety standards and State or Tribal motor vehicle safety standards. The Bureau will not fund transportation mileage and costs incurred transporting students in vehicles that do not meet these standards.

§ 39.731 Can transportation time be used as instruction time for day school students?
No. Transportation time cannot be used as instruction time for day school students in meeting the minimum required hours for academic funding.

§ 39.732 How does OIEP allocate transportation funds to schools?
OIEP allocates transportation funds based on the types of transportation programs that the school provides. To allocate transportation funds OIEP:
(a) Multiplies the one-way commercial costs for all schools by four to identify the total commercial costs for all schools;
(b) Subtracts the commercial cost total from the appropriated transportation funds and allocates the balance of the transportation funds to each school with a per-mile rate;
(c) Divides the balance of funds by the sum of the annual day miles and the annual residential miles to identify a per-mile rate;
(d) For day transportation, multiplies the per-mile rate times the annual day miles for each school; and
(e) For residential transportation, multiplies the per mile rate times the annual transportation miles for each school.

§ 39.801 What is the formula to determine the amount necessary to sustain a school’s academic or residential program?
(a) The Secretary’s formula to determine the minimum annual amount necessary to sustain a Bureau-funded school’s academic or residential program is as follows:

\[
\text{Student Unit Value} \times \text{Weighted Student Unit} = \text{Annual Minimum Amount per student.}
\]

(b) Sections 39.802 through 39.807 explain the derivation of the formula in paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) If the annual minimum amount calculated under this section and §§39.802 through 39.807 is not fully funded, OIEP will pro rate funds distributed to schools using the Indian School Equalization Formula.

§ 39.802 What is the student unit value in the formula?
The student unit value is the dollar value applied to each student in an academic or residential program. There are two types of student unit values: the student unit instructional value (SUIV) and the student unit residential value (SURV).

(a) The student unit instructional value (SUIV) applies to a student enrolled in an instructional program. It is an annually established ratio of 1.0 that represents a student in grades 4 through 6 of a typical non-residential program.

(b) The student unit residential value (SURV) applies to a residential student. It is an annually established ratio of 1.0 that represents a student in grades 4 through 6 of a typical residential program.

§ 39.803 What is a weighted student unit in the formula?
A weighted student unit is an adjusted ratio using factors in the Indian