### § 162.227 What form of rent payment can be accepted under an agricultural lease?

- (a) When rent payments are made directly to the Indian landowners, the form of payment must be acceptable to the Indian landowners.
- (b) Payments made to us may be delivered in person or by mail. We will not accept cash, foreign currency, or third-party checks. We will accept:
- (1) Personal or business checks drawn on the account of the tenant;
- (2) Money orders;
- (3) Cashier's checks;
- (4) Certified checks; or
- (5) Electronic funds transfer payments.

# § 162.228 What other types of payments are required under an agricultural lease?

- (a) The tenant may be required to pay additional fees, taxes, and/or assessments associated with the use of the land, as determined by the tribe having jurisdiction over the land. The tenant must pay these amounts to the appropriate tribal official.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in part 171 of this chapter, if the leased premises are within an Indian irrigation project or drainage district, the tenant must pay all operation and maintenance charges that accrue during the lease term. The tenant must pay these amounts to the appropriate official in charge of the irrigation project or drainage district. Failure to make such payments will constitute a violation of the lease under § 162.251.

#### § 162.229 How long can the term of an agricultural lease run?

- (a) An agricultural lease must provide for a definite lease term, specifying the commencement date. The commencement date of the lease may not be more than one year after the date on which the lease is approved.
- (b) The lease term must be reasonable, given the purpose of the lease and the level of investment required. Unless otherwise provided by statute, the maximum term may not exceed ten years, unless a substantial investment in the improvement of the land is required. If such a substantial invest-

ment is required, the maximum term may be up to 25 years.

- (c) Where all of the trust or restricted interests in a tract are owned by a deceased Indian whose heirs and devisees have not yet been determined, the maximum term may not exceed two years.
- (d) An agricultural lease may not provide the tenant with an option to renew, and such a lease may not be renewed or extended by holdover.

# § 162.230 Can an agricultural lease be amended, assigned, sublet, or mortgaged?

- (a) An agricultural lease may authorize amendments, assignments, subleases, or mortgages of the leasehold interest, but only with the written consent of the parties to the lease in the same manner the original lease was approved, and our approval. An attempt by the tenant to mortgage the leasehold interest or authorize possession by another party, without the necessary consent and approval, will be treated as a lease violation under \$162.251 of this subpart.
- (b) An agricultural lease may authorize us, one or more of the Indian landowners, or a designated representative of the Indian landowners, to consent to an amendment, assignment, sublease, mortgage, or other type of agreement, on the landowners' behalf. A designated landowner or representative may not negotiate or consent to an amendment, assignment, or sublease that would:
- (1) Reduce the rentals payable to the other Indian landowners; or
- (2) Terminate or modify the term of the lease.
- (c) Where the Indian landowners have not designated a representative for the purpose of consenting to an amendment, assignment, sublease, mortgage, or other type of agreement, such consent may be granted by or on behalf of the landowners in the same manner as a new lease, under §§162.207 through 162.209 of this subpart.

### § 162.231 How can the land be used under an agricultural lease?

(a) An agricultural lease must describe the authorized uses of the leased