natural valves. This device includes valves constructed of prosthetic materials, biologic valves (e.g., porcine valves), or valves constructed of a combination of prosthetic and biologic materials.

(b) **Classification.** Class III (premarket approval).

(c) **Date premarket approval application (PMA) or notice of completion of a product development protocol (PDP) is required.** A PMA or a notice of completion of a PDP is required to be filed with the Food and Drug Administration on or before December 9, 1987 for any replacement heart valve that was in commercial distribution before May 28, 1976, or that has on or before December 9, 1987 been found to be substantially equivalent to a replacement heart valve that was in commercial distribution before May 28, 1976. Any other replacement heart valve shall have an approved PMA or a declared completed PDP in effect before being placed in commercial distribution.

§ 870.3935 **Prosthetic heart valve holder.**

(a) **Identification.** A prosthetic heart valve holder is a device used to hold a replacement heart valve while it is being sutured into place.

(b) **Classification.** Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

§ 870.3945 **Prosthetic heart valve sizer.**

(a) **Identification.** A prosthetic heart valve sizer is a device used to measure the size of the natural valve opening to determine the size of the appropriate replacement heart valve.

(b) **Classification.** Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §870.9.

§ 870.4075 **Endomyocardial biopsy device.**

(a) **Identification.** An endomyocardial biopsy device is a device used in a catheterization procedure to remove samples of tissue from the inner wall of the heart.

(b) **Classification.** Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.4200 **Cardiopulmonary bypass accessory equipment.**

(a) **Identification.** Cardiopulmonary bypass accessory equipment is a device that has no contact with blood and that is used in the cardiopulmonary bypass circuit to support, adjoint, or connect components, or to aid in the setup of the extracorporeal line, e.g., an oxygenator mounting bracket or system-priming equipment.

(b) **Classification.** (1) Class I. The device is classified as class I if it does not involve an electrical connection to the patient. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to §870.9.

(2) Class II (special controls). The device is classified as class II if it involves an electrical connection to the patient. The special controls are as follows:

(i) The performance standard under part 898 of this chapter, and

(ii) The guidance document entitled “Guidance on the Performance Standard for Electrode Lead Wires and Patient Cables.” The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to §870.9.

§ 870.4205 **Cardiopulmonary bypass bubble detector.**

(a) **Identification.** A cardiopulmonary bypass bubble detector is a device used to detect bubbles in the arterial return line of the cardiopulmonary bypass circuit.

(b) **Classification.** Class II (performance standards).