last treatment. Do not exceed the higher dosage levels in any 24-hour period.


§ 558.465 Poloxalene free-choice liquid Type C feed.

(a) Approvals. Type A medicated articles: 99.5 percent to 066104 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(b) Conditions of use. (1) For control of legume (alfalfa, clover) and wheat pasture bloat in cattle, use 7.5 grams of poloxalene per pound of liquid Type C feed (1.65 percent weight/weight). Each animal must consume 0.2 pound of Type C feed per 100 pounds of body weight daily for adequate protection.

(2) For control of legume (alfalfa, clover) bloat in cattle grazing of prebloom legumes, use 10.00 grams of poloxalene per pound of liquid Type C feed (2.2 percent weight/weight). Each animal must consume 0.15 pound of Type C feed per 100 pounds of body weight daily for adequate protection. If consumption exceeds 0.2 pound of Type C feed per 100 pounds of body weight daily, cattle should be changed to a Type C feed containing 7.5 grams of poloxalene per pound.

(3) Poloxalene liquid Type A article must be thoroughly blended and evenly distributed into a liquid Type C feed and offered to cattle in a covered liquid Type C feed feeder with lick wheels. The formula for the liquid Type C feed, on a weight/weight basis, is as follows:

Ammonium polyphosphate 2.66 percent, phosphoric acid (75 percent) 3.37 percent, sulfuric acid 1.00 percent, water 10.00 percent, and molasses sufficient to make 100.00 percent, vitamins A and D and/or trace minerals may be added. One free-turning lick wheel per 25 head of cattle must be provided.

(4) The medicated liquid Type C feed must be introduced at least 2 to 5 days before legume consumption to accustom the cattle to the medicated liquid Type C feed and to lick wheel feedings. If the medicated liquid wheel Type C feed feeding is interrupted, this 2- to 5-day introductory feeding should be repeated.

§ 558.485 Pyrantel tartrate.

(a) Specifications. Type A medicated articles containing 9.6, 19.2, 48, or 80 grams per pound pyrantel tartrate.

(b) Approvals. See sponsors in § 510.600(c) of this chapter for uses as in paragraph (e) of this section:

(1) No. 066104: 9.6, 19.2, 48, and 80 grams per pound for use as in paragraphs (e)(1)(i) through (e)(1)(iii) of this section.

(2) [Reserved]

(3) Nos. 010439, 011490, 011749, 012286, 016968, 017790, 043733, and 049685: 9.6 and 19.2 grams per pound for use as in paragraphs (e)(1)(i) through (e)(1)(iii) of this section.

(4) [Reserved]

(5) No. 051311: 19.2 and 48 grams per pound for use as in paragraphs (e)(1)(i) through (e)(1)(iii) of this section.

(6) Nos. 034936 and 046987: 9.6 and 19.2 grams per pound for use as in paragraphs (e)(1)(i) and (e)(1)(ii) of this section.

(7) Nos. 000069 and 017135: 48 grams per pound for use as in paragraph (e)(2) of this section.

(c) Related tolerances. See § 556.560 of this chapter.

(d) Special considerations. (1) See § 500.25 of this chapter. Consult a veterinarian before using in severely debilitated animals.

(2) Do not mix in Type B or Type C medicated feeds containing bentonite.

(e) Conditions of use. It is used as follows:

(1) Swine—(i) Amount per ton. 96 grams (0.0106 percent).

(A) Indications for use. Aid in the prevention of migration and establishment of large roundworm (Ascaris suum) infections; aid in the prevention of establishment of nodular worm (Oesophagostomum) infections.

(B) Limitations. Feed continuously as the sole ration in a Type C feed; withdraw 24 hours prior to slaughter.

(ii) Amount per ton. 96 grams (0.0106 percent).