§ 556.710  Testosterone propionate.

No residues of testosterone, resulting from the use of testosterone propionate, are permitted in excess of the following increments above the concentrations of testosterone naturally present in untreated animals:

(a) In uncooked edible tissues of heifers:
   (1) 0.64 part per billion in muscle.
   (2) 2.6 parts per billion in fat.
   (3) 1.9 parts per billion in kidney.
   (4) 1.3 parts per billion in liver.

(b) [Reserved]

[52 FR 27683, July 23, 1987]

§ 556.720  Tetracycline.

(a) Acceptable daily intake (ADI). The ADI for total tetracycline residues (chlortetracycline, oxytetracycline, and tetracycline) is 25 micrograms per kilogram of body weight per day.

(b) Tolerances. Tolerances are established for the sum of tetracycline residues in tissues of calves, swine, sheep, chickens, and turkeys, of 2 parts per million (ppm) in muscle, 6 ppm in liver, and 12 ppm in fat and kidney.

[83 FR 57246, Oct. 27, 1998]

§ 556.730  Thiabendazole.

Tolerances are established at 0.1 part per million for negligible residues of thiabendazole in uncooked edible tissues of cattle, goats, sheep, pheasants, and swine, and at 0.05 part per million for negligible residues in milk.

[40 FR 13942, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 49 FR 20608, July 25, 1984]

§ 556.735  Tilmicosin.

(a) Acceptable daily intake (ADI). The ADI for total residues of tilmicosin is 25 micrograms per kilogram of body weight per day.

(b) Tolerances—(1) Cattle—(i) Liver (the target tissue). The tolerance for parent tilmicosin (the marker residue) is 1.2 parts per million (ppm).
   (ii) Muscle. The tolerance for parent tilmicosin (the marker residue) is 0.1 ppm.

(2) Sheep—(1) Liver (the target tissue). The tolerance for parent tilmicosin (the marker residue) is 1.2 ppm.
   (ii) Muscle. The tolerance for parent tilmicosin (the marker residue) is 0.1 ppm.

[64 FR 18574, Apr. 15, 1999]

§ 556.740  Tylosin.

Tolerances are established for residues of tylosin in edible products of animals as follows:

(a) In chickens and turkeys: 0.2 part per million (negligible residue) in uncooked fat, muscle, liver, and kidney.

(b) In cattle: 0.2 part per million (negligible residue) in uncooked fat, muscle, liver, and kidney.

(c) In swine: 0.2 part per million (negligible residue) in uncooked fat, muscle, liver, and kidney.

(d) In milk: 0.05 part per million (negligible residue).

(e) In eggs: 0.2 part per million (negligible residue).

§ 556.741  Tripelennamine.

A tolerance of 200 parts per billion (ppb) is established for residues of tripelennamine in uncooked edible tissues of cattle and 20 ppb in milk.