#### §520.1242g

weight (3.6 milligrams per pound) as a single oral dose.

(ii) Conditions of use. For treating breeding swine infected with the following nematodes: Large roundworms (Ascaris suum).nodular worms (Oesophagostomum spp.), lungworms (Metastrongylus intestinal spp.), threadworms (Strongyloides ransomi), and kidnev worms (Stephanurus dentatus).

(iii) Limitations. May require retreatment in 4 to 5 weeks. Do not use within 11 days of slaughter for food. Consult your veterinarian for assistance before using in severely debilitated animals and in the diagnosis, treatment, and control of parasitism.

[47 FR 22517, May 25, 1982; 47 FR 30242, July 13, 1982, as amended at 48 FR 11429, Mar. 18, 1983; 51 FR 29215, Aug. 15, 1986; 67 FR 63055, Oct. 10, 2002]

### §520.1242g Levamisole resinate and famphur paste.

- (a) Chemical name of famphur. O, O-Dimethyl O-[p-(dimethylsulfamoyl) phenyl] phosphorothioate.
- (b) Specifications. The drug is a paste containing 11.6 percent levamisole resinate (50 percent potency) and 23.6 percent famphur.
- (c) Sponsor. See 000061 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (d) Special considerations. Do not use any cholinesterase-inhibiting drugs, pesticides, insecticides, or chemicals on cattle simultaneously or within a few days before or after treatment with this product.
- (e) Related tolerances. See §556.350 of this chapter for levamisole and §556.273 of this chapter for famphur.
- (f) Conditions of use in cattle—(1) Amount. 8 milligrams of levamisole hydrochloride (equivalent) and 30 milligrams of famphur activity per kilogram of body weight.
- (2) Indications for use. For treatment of cattle infected with the following parasites: Stomach worms (Haemonchus, Trichostrongylus, Ostertagia), intestinal worms (Trichostronaulus. Cooperia, Nematodirus, Bunostomum, Oesophagostomum), lungworms (Dictyocaulus), cattle grubs (Hypoderma), biting lice (Bovicola), and sucking lice (Linognathus, Solenoptes).

(3) Limitations. Drug is not effective against lice eggs. Conditions of constant helminth and ectoparasitic exposure may require retreatment within 2 to 4 weeks after first treatment. Do not administer to cattle within 19 days of slaughter. Do not administer to dairy animals of breeding age. Do not use in calves less than 3 months old, or in debilitated animals. Do not treat Brahman bulls. Consult your veterinarian for assistance in the diagnosis, treatment, and control of parasitism.

[53 FR 23757, June 24, 1988, as amended at 54 FR 1353, Jan. 13, 1989; 57 FR 7652, Mar. 4, 1992; 62 FR 55160, Oct. 23, 1997; 62 FR 61625, Nov. 19, 1997]

#### § 520.1263 Lincomycin hydrochloride monohydrate oral dosage forms.

## § 520.1263a Lincomycin hydrochloride monohydrate tablets and sirup.

- (a) Specifications. The sirup contains lincomycin hydrochloride equivalent to either 25 milligrams or 50 milligrams of lincomycin.
- (b) Sponsor. See No. 000009 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions of use. (1) The drug is indicated in infections caused by grampositive organisms which are sensitive to its action, particularly streptococci and staphylococci.
- (2) It is administered orally to dogs and cats at a dosage level of 10 mgs per pound of body weight every 12 hours, or 7 mgs per pound of body weight every 8 hours. Treatment may be continued for periods as long as 12 days if clinical judgment indicates.
- (3) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 44 FR 7130, Feb. 6, 1979; 64 FR 403, Jan. 5, 1999]

#### §520.1263b [Reserved]

# §520.1263c Lincomycin hydrochloride soluble powder.

- (a) Specifications. Each gram of soluble powder contains lincomycin hydrochloride equivalent to 0.4 grams of lincomycin.
- (b) Sponsors. See Nos. 000009, 046573, 054925, 059130, and 061623 in §510.600(c) of this chapter for use as in paragraph (d) of this section.