

knowing the same to be false or misleading.

(Sec. 3042, subtitle C, title 3, Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (88 Stat. 1002, 29 U.S.C. 1241, 1242), and the Act of August 31, 1951, ch. 376, title V, section 501, 65 Stat. 290, 31 U.S.C. 483a)

[44 FR 11751, Mar. 2, 1979, as amended at 44 FR 68458, Nov. 29, 1979]

Subpart C—Standards of Performance for Enrolled Actuaries

§ 901.20 Standards of performance of actuarial services.

In the discharge of duties required by ERISA of enrolled actuaries with respect to any plan to which the Act applies:

(a) *In general.* An enrolled actuary shall undertake an actuarial assignment only when qualified to do so.

(b) *Professional duty.* An enrolled actuary shall not perform actuarial services for any person or organization which he/she believes or has reasonable grounds for believing may utilize his/her services in a fraudulent manner or in a manner inconsistent with law.

(c) *Advice or explanations.* An enrolled actuary shall provide to the plan administrator upon appropriate request, supplemental advice or explanation relative to any report signed or certified by such enrolled actuary.

(d) *Conflicts of interest.* In any situation in which the enrolled actuary has a conflict of interest with respect to the performance of actuarial services, of which the enrolled actuary has knowledge, he/she shall not perform such actuarial services except after full disclosure has been made to the plan trustees, any named fiduciary of the plan, the plan administrator, and, if the plan is subject to a collective bargaining agreement, the collective bargaining representative.

(e) *Assumptions, calculations and recommendations.* The enrolled actuary shall exercise due care, skill, prudence and diligence to ensure that:

(1) The actuarial assumptions are reasonable in the aggregate, and the actuarial cost method and the actuarial method of valuation of assets are appropriate,

(2) The calculations are accurately carried out, and

(3) The report, any recommendations to the plan administrator and any supplemental advice or explanation relative to the report reflect the results of the calculations.

(f) *Report or certificate.* An enrolled actuary shall include in any report or certificate stating actuarial costs or liabilities, a statement or reference describing or clearly identifying the data, any material inadequacies therein and the implications thereof, and the actuarial methods and assumptions employed.

(g) *Utilization of enrolled actuary designation.* An enrolled actuary shall not advertise his/her status as an enrolled actuary in any solicitation related to the performance of actuarial services, and shall not employ, accept employment in partnership, corporate, or any other form, or share fees with, any individual or entity who so solicits. However, the use of the term “enrolled actuary” to identify an individual who is named on the stationery, letterhead or business card of an enrolled actuary, or of a partnership, association, or corporation shall not be considered in violation of this section. In addition, the term “enrolled actuary” may appear after the general listing of an enrolled actuary’s name in a telephone directory provided such listing is not of a distinctive nature.

(h) *Notification.* An enrolled actuary shall provide written notification of the non-filing of any actuarial document he/she has signed upon discovery of the non-filing. Such notification shall be made to the office of the Internal Revenue Service, the Department of Labor, or the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation where such document should have been filed.

[40 FR 18776, Apr. 30, 1975, as amended at 43 FR 39757, Sept. 7, 1978]

Subpart D—Suspension or Termination of Enrollment

AUTHORITY: Sec. 3042(b), ERISA, 29 U.S.C. 1242(b).

SOURCE: 43 FR 39757, Sept. 7, 1978, unless otherwise noted.