§ 416.802 Type of evidence to be submitted.

Where an individual is required to submit evidence of date of birth as indicated in §416.801, he shall submit a public record of birth or a religious record of birth or baptism established or recorded before his fifth birthday, if available. Where no such document recorded or established before age 5 is available the individual shall submit as evidence of age another document or documents which may serve as the basis for a determination of the individual’s date of birth provided such evidence is corroborated by other evidence or by information in the records of the Administration.

§ 416.803 Evaluation of evidence.

Generally, the highest probative value will be accorded to a public record of birth or a religious record of birth or baptism established or recorded before age 5. Where such record is not available, and other documents are submitted as evidence of age, in determining their probative value, consideration will be given to when such other documents were established or recorded, and the circumstances attending their establishment or recording. Among the documents which may be submitted for such purpose are:

- School record
- Census record
- Bible or other family record
- Church record
- Baptism or confirmation
- Military record
- Voting record
- Fraternal organization record
- Military record
- Employment record
- Fraternal organization record
- Nationalization record
- Passport
- Delayed birth certificate
- Birth certificate of child of applicant
- Physician’s or midwife’s record of birth
- Immigration record
- Naturalization record

§ 416.804 Certified copy in lieu of original.

In lieu of the original of any record, except a Bible or other family record, there may be submitted as evidence of age a copy of such record or a statement as to the date of birth shown by such record, which has been duly certified (see §404.701(g) of this chapter).

§ 416.805 When additional evidence may be required.

If the evidence submitted is not convincing, additional evidence may be required.

§ 416.806 Expedited adjudication based on documentary evidence of age.

Where documentary evidence of age recorded at least 3 years before the application is filed, which reasonably supports an aged applicant’s allegation as to his age, is submitted, payment of benefits may be initiated even though additional evidence of age may be required by §§416.801 through 416.805. The applicant will be advised that additional evidence is required and that, if it is subsequently established that the prior finding of age is incorrect, the applicant will be liable for refund of any overpayment he has received. If any of the evidence initially submitted tends to show that the age of the applicant or such other person does not correspond with the alleged age, no benefits will be paid until the evidence required by §§416.801 through 416.805 is submitted.

Subpart I—Determining Disability and Blindness

AUTHORITY: Secs. 221(m), 702(a)(5), 1611, 1614, 1619, 1621(a), (c), (d)(1), and (p) and 1633 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 421(m), 702(a)(5), 1611, 1614, 1619, 1621(a), (c), (d)(1), and (p) and 1633.416.802

for benefits or is otherwise relevant to the payment of benefits pursuant to such title XVI. Such evidence may also be required by the Administration as to the age of any other individual when such other individual’s age is relevant to the determination of the applicant’s eligibility or benefit amount. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, if the applicant alleges that he is at least 68 years of age and submits any documentary evidence at least 3 years old which supports his allegation, no further evidence of his age is required. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, if a State required reasonably acceptable evidence of age and provides a statement as to an applicant’s age, no further evidence of his age is required unless a statistically valid quality control sample has shown that a State’s determination of age procedures do not yield an acceptable low rate of error.

§ 416.802 Type of evidence to be submitted.

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- School record
- Census record
- Bible or other family record
- Church record
- Baptism or confirmation
- Military record
- Voting record
- Vaccination record
- Delayed birth certificate
- Birth certificate of child of applicant
- Physician’s or midwife’s record of birth
- Immigration record
- Naturalization record
- Passport

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