§ 410.471 Conclusion by physician regarding miner's disability or death.

The function of deciding whether or not an individual is totally disabled due to pneumoconiosis, or was totally disabled due to pneumoconiosis at the time of his death, or that his death was due to pneumoconiosis, is the responsibility of the Administration. A statement by a physician that an individual is, or is not, disabled, permanently disabled, totally disabled, totally and permanently disabled, unable to work, or a statement of similar import, being a conclusion upon the ultimate issue to be decided by the Administration, shall not be determinative of the question of whether or not an individual is under a disability. However, all statements and other evidence (including statements of the miner’s physician) shall be considered in adjudicating a claim. In considering statements of the miner’s physician, appropriate account shall be taken of the length of time he treated the miner.

§ 410.472 Consultative examinations.

Upon reasonable notice of the time and place thereof, any individual filing a claim alleging to be totally disabled due to pneumoconiosis shall present himself for and submit to reasonable physical examinations or tests, at the expense of the Administration, by a physician or other professional or technical source designated by the Administration or the State agency authorized to make determinations as to disability. If any such individual fails or refuses to present himself for any examination or test, such failure or refusal, unless the Administration determines that there is good cause therefor, may be a basis for determining that such individual is not totally disabled. Religious or personal scruples against medical examination or test shall not excuse an individual from presenting himself for a medical examination or test. Any claimant may request that such test be performed by a physician or other professional or technical source of his choice, the reasonable expense of which shall be borne by the Administration (see §410.240(h)). However, granting such request does not preclude the Administration from requiring that additional or supplemental tests be conducted by a physician or other professional or technical source designated by the Administration.

§ 410.473 Evidence of continuation of disability.

An individual who has been determined to be totally disabled due to pneumoconiosis, upon reasonable notice, shall, if requested to do so (e.g., where there is an issue about the validity of the original adjudication of disability) present himself for and submit to examinations or tests as provided in §410.472, and shall submit medical reports and other evidence necessary for the purposes of determining whether such individual continues to be under a disability.

§ 410.474 Place and manner of submitting evidence.

Evidence in support of a claim for benefits based on disability shall be filed in the manner and at the place or places prescribed in subpart B of this part, or where appropriate, at the office of a State agency authorized under agreement with the Commissioner to make determinations as to disability under title II of the Social Security Act, or with an employee of such State agency.