

would result as a matter of law in a denial of his claim for compensation under such law.

(c) To be considered to have complied with the statutory requirement for filing a claim under the applicable State workmen's compensation law, a claimant for benefits under this part must diligently prosecute such State claim.

(d) Where, but for the failure to file a claim under the applicable State workmen's compensation law, an individual's claim for benefits under this part would be allowed, the Administration shall notify the individual in writing of the need to file such State claim as a prerequisite to such allowance. Such claim, when filed within 30 days of the date such notice is mailed to the individual, will be considered to have been filed timely.

(e) Where, on the other hand, a claim has not been filed under the applicable State workmen's compensation law, and the Administration determines that a claim for benefits under this part would be disallowed even if such a State claim were filed, the Administration shall make such determination as may be necessary for the adjudication of the individual's claim for benefits under this part pursuant to § 410.610.

[36 FR 23752, Dec. 14, 1971; 36 FR 24214, Dec. 22, 1971. Redesignated at 37 FR 20636, Sept. 30, 1972]

§ 410.220 Claim for benefits; definitions.

For purposes of this part:

(a) *Claim defined.* The term *claim* means a writing asserting a right to benefits by an individual, or by a proper party on his behalf as defined in § 410.222, which writing is filed with the Administration in accordance with the regulations in this subpart.

(b) *Application defined.* The term *application* refers only to a writing on a form prescribed in § 410.221.

(c) *Claimant defined.* The term *claimant* refers to the individual who has filed a claim for benefits on his own behalf, or on whose behalf a proper party as defined in § 410.222 has filed a claim.

(d) *Applicant defined.* The term *applicant* refers to the individual who has filed an application on his own behalf, or on behalf of another, for benefits.

(e) *Execution of claim defined.* The term *to execute a claim* means to complete and sign an application (but, for an exception, see § 410.234). Irrespective of who may have prepared or completed the application, it is considered to have been executed by or on behalf of the claimant when it is signed by him or by an individual authorized to do so on his behalf (see § 410.222).

(f) *Provisions with respect to claims applicable with respect to requests.* The provisions of §§ 410.222 through 410.234 (relating to the preparation, execution, or filing of a claim for benefits) are applicable to the preparation, execution, and filing of a written request required under this part, e.g., a request to be selected as representative payee (see § 410.581 *et seq.*), a request for separate payment of an augmentation (see § 410.511), a request for reconsideration (see § 410.622), etc. In such cases, the term *claimant* as used therein refers to the individual filing the request on his own behalf or the individual on whose behalf such request is filed.

[36 FR 23752, Dec. 14, 1971, as amended at 37 FR 20637, Sept. 30, 1972]

§ 410.221 Prescribed application and request forms.

(a) Claims shall be made as provided in this subpart on such application forms and in accordance with such instructions (provided thereon or attached thereto) as are prescribed by the Administration.

(b) The application forms used by the public to file claims for benefits under part B of title IV of the Act are SSA-46 (application for benefits under the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969 (coal miner's claim of total disability)), SSA-47 (application for benefits under the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969 (widow's claim)), SSA-48 (application for benefits under the Black Lung Benefits Act of 1972 (child's claim)), and SSA-49 (application for benefits under the Black Lung Act of 1972 (parent's, brother's, or sister's claim)).

(c) The form used by an individual to request that such individual be selected as a representative payee or by a dependent to request that payment be certified to him separately is SSA-50 (Request to be Selected as Payee).

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(d) For further information about some of the forms used in the administration of part B of title IV of the Act, see §§ 422.505(b), 422.515, 422.525, and 422.527 of this chapter.

[37 FR 20637, Sept. 30, 1972]

§ 410.222 Execution of a claim.

The Administration determines who is the proper party to execute a claim in accordance with the following rules:

(a) If the claimant has attained the age of 18, is mentally competent, and is physically able to execute the claim, the claim shall be executed by him. Where, however, paragraph (d) of this section applies, the claim may also be executed by the claimant's legal guardian, committee, or other representative.

(b) If the claimant is between the ages of 16 and 18, is mentally competent, has no legally appointed guardian, committee, or other representative, and is not in the care of any person, such claimant may execute the claim upon filing a statement on the prescribed form indicating capacity to act on his own behalf.

(c) If the claimant is mentally competent but has not attained age 18 and is in the care of a person, the claim may be executed by such person.

(d) If the claimant (regardless of his age) has a legally appointed guardian, committee, or other representative, the claim may be executed by such guardian committee, or representative.

(e) If the claimant (regardless of his age) is mentally incompetent or is physically unable to execute the claim, it may be executed by the person who has the claimant in his care or by a legally appointed guardian, committee, or other representative.

(f) Where the claimant is in the care of an institution and is not mentally competent or physically able to execute a claim, the manager or principal officer of such institution may execute the claim.

(g) For good cause shown, the Administration may accept a claim executed by a person other than one described in paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section.

[37 FR 20637, Sept. 30, 1972]

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§ 410.223 Evidence of authority to execute a claim on behalf of another.

Where the claim is executed by a person other than the claimant, such person shall, at the time of filing the claim or within a reasonable time thereafter, file evidence of his authority to execute the claim on behalf of such claimant in accordance with the following rules:

(a) If the person executing the claim is the legally appointed guardian, committee, or other legal representative of such claimant, the evidence shall be a certificate executed by the proper official of the court of appointment.

(b) If the person executing the claim is not such a legal representative, the evidence shall be a statement describing his relationship to the claimant, the extent to which he has the care of such claimant, or his position as an officer of the institution of which the claimant is an inmate. The Administration may, at any time, require additional evidence to establish the authority of any such person.

§ 410.224 Claimant must be alive when claim is filed.

For a claim to be effective, the claimant must be alive at the time a properly executed claim (see § 410.222) is filed with the Administration (see § 410.227). (See §§ 410.229 and 410.230 concerning the filing of a prescribed application form after submittal of a written statement.)

§ 410.226 Periods for which claims are effective.

(a) *Application effective for entire month of filing.* Benefits are payable for full calendar months. If the claimant meets all the requirements for entitlement to benefits in the same calendar month in which his application is filed, the application will be effective for the whole month. If a miner dies in the first month for which he meets all the requirements for entitlement to benefits, he will, notwithstanding the provisions of § 410.202(b), be considered to be entitled to benefits for that month.

(b) *Prospective life of claims.* A claim which is filed before the claimant meets all the requirements for entitlement to such benefits will be deemed a valid claim if the claimant meets such