§ 219.39 Evidence of relationship by legal adoption—parent or child.

(a) Preferred evidence. Preferred evidence of legal adoption is—

(1) A copy of the decree or order of adoption, certified by the custodian of the record;
(2) A photocopy of the decree or order of adoption; or
(3) If the widow or widower adopted the child after the employee’s death, the evidence described in paragraph (a)(1) or (2) of this section; the widow’s or widower’s statement as to whether the child was living in the same household with the employee when the employee died (see §§219.50 and 219.51); what support, if any, the child was getting from another person or organization; and if the widow or widower had a deemed valid marriage with the employee, evidence of that marriage (see §219.33).

(b) Other evidence of legal adoption. In some states the record of adoption proceedings is sealed and cannot be obtained without a court order. In this event, the Board will accept as proof of adoption an official notice received by the adopting parents at the time of adoption that the adoption has been completed or a birth certificate issued as a result of the adoption proceeding.

§ 219.40 Evidence of relationship by equitable adoption—child.

(a) Preferred evidence. If the claimant is a person who claims to be the equitably adopted child of the employee (or of the employee’s wife, widow, widower, or husband), as defined in part 222 of this chapter, the Board will ask for evidence of the agreement to adopt if it is in writing. The Board will also ask for written statements from the child’s natural parents as well as adopting parents concerning the child’s relationship to the adopting parents.

(b) Other evidence. If the agreement to adopt was not in writing, the Board will require other convincing evidence about the child’s relationship to the adopting parents.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 3220-0040)

§ 219.41 Evidence of relationship of grandchild or stepgrandchild.

If the child is the grandchild or stepgrandchild of the employee, the Board will require the kind of evidence described in §§219.36-219.38 that shows that child’s relationship to his or her parents and his or her parents’ relationship to the employee.

§ 219.42 When evidence of child’s dependency is required.

Evidence of a child’s dependency on the employee is required when—

(a) The employee is receiving an annuity that can be increased under the social security overall minimum (see part 229 of this chapter) by including a child, grandchild or a spouse who has a child in his or her care;
(b) A wife under age 65 applies for a full spouse annuity because she has a child or a grandchild of the employee in her care; or
(c) A child or someone in behalf of a child applies for a child’s annuity based on the deceased employee’s record.

§ 219.43 Evidence of child’s dependency.

(a) When the dependency requirement must be met. Usually the dependency requirement must be met at one of the times shown in part 222 of this chapter.

(b) Natural or adopted. If the child is the employee’s natural or adopted child, the Board may ask for the following evidence:

(1) A signed statement by someone who knows the facts that confirms that the child is the natural or adopted child.
(2) If the child was adopted by someone else while the employee was alive but the adoption was annulled, the Board may require a certified copy of the annulment decree or other convincing evidence of the annulment.
(3) A signed statement by someone having personal knowledge of the circumstances showing when and where the child lived with the employee and when and why they may have lived apart; and showing what contributions the employee made to the child’s support and how the contributions were made.