issued will not be applicable to any in-bound or out-bound flight, with respect to which CBP has not received the advance electronic cargo information required, respectively, under §122.48a or 192.14 of this chapter. In cases in which CBP does not receive complete cargo information in the time and manner and in the electronic format required by §122.48a or 192.14 of this chapter, as applicable, CBP may delay issuance of a permit or special license to un-lade or lade cargo, and a term permit or special license to un-lade or lade already issued may not apply, until all required information is received. The CBP may also decline to issue a permit or special license to un-lade or lade, and a term permit or special license already issued may not apply, with respect to the specific cargo for which advance information is not timely received electronically, as specified in §122.48a or 192.14(b)(1)(ii) of this chapter.


Subpart E—Aircraft Entry and Entry Documents; Electronic Manifest Requirements for Passengers, Crew Members, and Non-Crew Members Onboard Commercial Aircraft Arriving In, Continuing Within, and Overflying the United States

§ 122.42 Aircraft entry.

(a) By whom. Entry shall be made by the aircraft commander or an agent.

(b) Place of entry—(1) First landing at international airport. Entry shall be made at the international airport at which first landing is made.

(2) First landing at another airport. If the first landing is not at an international airport pursuant to §§122.34 or 122.35, the aircraft commander or agent shall make entry at the nearest international airport or port of entry, unless some other place is allowed for the purpose.

(c) Delivery of forms. When the aircraft arrives, the aircraft commander or agent shall deliver any required forms to the Customs officer at the place of entry at once.

(d) Exception to entry requirement. Except for flights to Cuba (provided for in subpart O of this part), an aircraft of a scheduled airline which stops only for refueling at the first place or arrival in the U.S. shall not be required to enter provided:

(1) That such aircraft departs within 24 hours after arrival;

(2) No cargo, crew, or passengers are off-loaded; and

(3) Landing rights at that airport as either a regular or alternate landing place shall have been previously secured.

§ 122.43 General declaration.

(a) When required. A general declaration, Customs Form 7507, shall be filed for all aircraft required to enter under §122.41 (Aircraft required to enter).

(b) Exception. Aircraft arriving directly from Canada on a flight beginning in Canada and ending in the U.S. need not file a general declaration to enter. Instead, an air cargo manifest (see §122.48) may be filed in place of the general declaration, regardless of whether cargo is on board. The air cargo manifest shall state the following:

I certify to the best of my knowledge and belief that this manifest contains an exact and true account of all cargo on board this aircraft.

Signature

(Aircraft Commander or Agent)