group in the tax allocation, recognizing negative corporate taxable income or a negative corporate tax, according to the allocation method chosen. An agreement under this paragraph shall provide that those associate companies with a positive allocation will pay the amount allocated and those subsidiary companies with a negative allocation will receive current payment of their corporate tax credits. The agreement shall provide a method for apportioning such payments, and for carrying over uncompensated benefits, if the consolidated loss is too large to be used in full. Such method may assign priorities to specified kinds of benefits.

(6) The tax agreement for each taxable year shall be filed as an exhibit to the system’s annual report on Form U5S (§ 259.5s of this chapter) for the previous taxable year. The initial filing after the effective date of this amendment shall be made as an amendment to the last Form U5S filed. If an existing tax agreement is merely renewed or amended, prior filings may be incorporated by reference. Amendments to a tax agreement shall be filed as an amendment to the Form U5S. Any amendment which would alter the allocation to any associate company for any period preceding its adoption shall be conditioned on approval by the Commission if the Commission directs, within 60 days after its filing, that it be deemed to be a declaration under Rule 45(a).

§ 250.46 Dividend declarations and payments on certain indebtedness.

(a) Dividends. No registered holding company or subsidiary thereof shall declare or pay any dividend on any security of such company out of capital or unearned surplus, except pursuant to a declaration notifying the Commission of the proposed transaction, which has become effective in accordance with the procedure specified in § 250.23, and pursuant to the order of the Commission with respect to such declaration under the applicable provisions of the Act. In determining whether proposed payments on any such indebtedness issued or declared as a dividend in part out of earned surplus and in part out of capital or unearned surplus, or in renewal of, or in exchange for any such obligation, whether such dividend was declared before or after the act took effect, except pursuant to a declaration notifying the Commission of the proposed transaction, which has become effective in accordance with the procedure specified in § 250.23, and pursuant to the order of the Commission with respect to such declaration under the applicable provisions of the Act. In determining whether proposed payments on any such indebtedness issued or declared as a dividend in part out of earned surplus and in part out of capital or unearned surplus, or issued in renewal of, or in exchange for, such indebtedness, fall within this paragraph, past payments on account of such indebtedness or any predecessor indebtedness shall be deemed to have been first applied in reduction of the portion of such indebtedness issued or declared as a dividend out of earned surplus.

(b) Payments on certain indebtedness. No registered holding company or subsidiary company thereof shall, directly or indirectly, make any payment of principal or interest on any note, bond, book account or any indebtedness however evidenced which is or was issued as, or based upon a dividend or dividends created or issued or declared from, or charged against, capital or unearned surplus, or in renewal of, or in exchange for any such obligation, whether such dividend was declared before or after the act took effect, except pursuant to a declaration notifying the Commission of the proposed transaction, which has become effective in accordance with the procedure specified in § 250.23, and pursuant to the order of the Commission with respect to such declaration under the applicable provisions of the Act. In determining whether proposed payments on any such indebtedness issued or declared as a dividend in part out of earned surplus and in part out of capital or unearned surplus, or issued in renewal of, or in exchange for, such indebtedness, fall within this paragraph, past payments on account of such indebtedness or any predecessor indebtedness shall be deemed to have been first applied in reduction of the portion of such indebtedness issued or declared as a dividend out of earned surplus.

§ 250.47 Exemption of public utility subsidiaries as to certain securities issued to the Rural Electrification Administration.

(a) Exemption. Any public utility company which is a subsidiary company of a registered holding company shall be exempt from the obligations, duties, or liabilities imposed by the act or any rule thereunder, on such company as a subsidiary company, with respect to the issue and sale to the Rural Electrification Administration, of any security of which it is the issuer in an amount not exceeding in any one calendar year 2 percent of the aggregate of the outstanding funded indebtedness plus the capital and surplus accounts of the issuer as of the end of the prior calendar year. Such company shall also be exempt with respect to the pledge of any security or other property as collateral for any security so issued or
sold, and with respect to the redemption or retirement, in whole or in part, of any such security.

(b) Certificate of notification. Within 10 days after the issue or sale of any security exempt under this section, the issuer shall file with the Commission a certificate of notification on Form U–6B–2 containing the information prescribed by that form.

§ 250.48 Certain exemptions in connection with appliance sales and loans to officers or employees.

(a)(1) Exemptions in connection with appliance sales. Any public utility company, or subsidiary thereof, or associate service company thereof, shall be exempt from section 9(a) of the Act (49 Stat. 817; 15 U.S.C. 79i) with respect to the acquisition, in the ordinary course of business, of any evidence of indebtedness executed by customers of such public utility company as consideration for the purchase (whether from such public utility company, from an associate company thereof, or from dealers) of standard electric or gas appliances, or reacquisition of any such security guaranteed by such company.

(2) Guarantee. Any public utility company, or subsidiary thereof, or associate service company thereof, shall be exempt from the provisions of section 6(a) of the Act (49 Stat. 814; 15 U.S.C. 79f) with respect to the guarantee, by endorsement or otherwise, and sale of any such customers' evidence of indebtedness. This paragraph shall be inapplicable to any company which is a registered holding company.

(3) Issuance of note. Any public utility company, or subsidiary thereof, or associated service company thereof, shall be exempt from the provisions of section 6(a) of the Act with respect to the issue or sale of any note or draft which is, and at all times will be, secured by a pledge of such customers' evidence of indebtedness having a principal amount still unpaid at least equal to the unpaid principal amount of such note or draft. This paragraph shall be inapplicable to any company which is a registered holding company.

(4) Acquisition of guaranteed paper or retirement of notes. Any public utility company, or subsidiary thereof, or associate service company thereof, shall be exempt from section 9(a) of the Act and § 250.42 with respect to the acquisition, retirement or redemption of any note or draft or customers' evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by such company under the circumstances described in paragraph (b) or (c) of this section.

(b) Exemption in connection with loans to employees. Each registered holding company and any subsidiary company thereof is exempted from section 9(a)(1) of the Act (49 Stat. 817; 15 U.S.C. 79i) with respect to the acquisition of any evidence of indebtedness from its employee in consideration of a loan made to such employee and each subsidiary of a registered holding company is exempted from section 6(a) of the Act (49 Stat. 814; 15 U.S.C. 79f) with respect to the guarantee of indebtedness of its employee:

(1) If such transaction is made pursuant to a personnel policy of general application adopted in writing by the board of directors of such company, or by a committee or executive officer authorized by the board of directors to act and communicated to the class of employees to which it applies; and does not cause the total amount of guarantees and loans of all companies in the holding-company system to or for the account of such employee, outstanding at the time of the transaction, to exceed the limits specified in the applicable personnel policy.

(2) The exemption also extends to securities or guarantees incident to bona fide advances to the employee for travel or other reimbursable expenses and current indebtedness of the employee for goods or services sold by the system companies in the ordinary course of business.

(3) Each company intending to avail itself of this exemption subsequent to the effective date of this rule shall file, as an exhibit or as an amendment to the system's annual report on Form U5S, a copy of such personnel policy.