

Securities and Exchange Commission

§ 250.6

9(a)(2) of the act with respect to the acquisition of any securities by such bank:

(1) As collateral for a bona fide debt; or

(2) Solely for purposes of liquidation in connection with a bona fide debt previously contracted; or

(3) In the ordinary course of its business as fiduciary; or

(4) Which is not a voting security or convertible into a voting security.

(c) *Statements.* Any bank claiming exemptions pursuant to the provisions of this section shall file a statement on Form U-3A3-1 (§259.403 of this chapter) within 30 days after the last day of February of each year. No such statement is required, however, with respect to any security holdings as to which such form is inapplicable by its provisions.

(d) *Definition of bank.* The term "bank", as used in this section, means any company primarily engaged in business as a commercial bank or trust company, or both, and subject to regulation or examination under the laws of the United States or of any State, or any receiver, conservator, or liquidating agent thereof in his capacity as such.

[16 FR 253, Jan. 10, 1951]

§ 250.4 Exemption of certain brokers, dealers and underwriters.

(a) *General exemption.* Subject to the provision of §250.6, any broker, dealer or underwriter, as defined in paragraph (c) of this section, shall be exempt from any obligation, duty, or liability imposed by the act upon such person as a holding company, solely by reason of such person owning, controlling, or holding with power to vote any securities of any public utility or holding company which are:

(1) Not beneficially owned by such persons and are subject to any voting instructions which may be given by customers or their assigns; or

(2) Acquired within 12 months in the ordinary course of business as a broker, dealer or underwriter with the bona fide intention of effecting distribution of the specific securities so acquired.

(b) *Exemption from section 9(a)(2).* Any broker, dealer or underwriter, as defined in paragraph (c) of this section

shall be exempt from section 9(a)(2) of the act (49 Stat. 817; 15 U.S.C. 79i) with respect to the acquisition of any securities for the account of customers, or in connection with any underwriting entered into with the intention of effecting immediate distribution of such securities.

(c) *Definition of broker, dealer or underwriter.* As used in this section, the terms "broker" or "dealer" have the meaning set forth in sections 3(a)(4) and (a)(5) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (48 Stat. 882; 15 U.S.C. 78c), and the term "underwriter" means any underwriter as defined in section 2(11) of the Securities Act of 1933 (48 Stat. 74, 905; 15 U.S.C. 77b) who is regularly engaged in business as such and is not a registered holding company.

§ 250.5 Exemption of certain foreign holding companies.

Any holding company not organized under the laws of any State of the United States or the District of Columbia, and owning no utility assets located within any State of the United States or the District of Columbia and having no subsidiaries or affiliates owning any assets so located, shall, subject to the provisions of §250.6, be exempt from all the provisions of the act and rules thereunder: *Provided,* That such exemption shall not be applicable to any acquisition of utility assets located within any State of the United States or the District of Columbia or of any security of any company owning such assets or having any subsidiary owning such assets, if, as a result of such acquisition of securities, the acquiring company will become an affiliate of the issuer, except an issuer within any class specified in §250.10(a).

§ 250.6 Termination of exemptions.

If it appears to the Commission (on the basis of statements claiming exemption or otherwise) that a substantial question of law or fact exists as to whether any holding company claiming exemption under §250.2, §250.3, §250.4, §250.5, or §250.10 or any other section now or hereafter in force pursuant to section 3(a) of the Act exempting any class of holding companies from the registration requirements of the act, is within the exemption afforded by any