§ 744.22 Restrictions on exports, reexports, and transfers to persons whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to Executive Orders 13310, 13448 or 13464.

Consistent with Executive Order 13310 of July 28, 2003, Executive Order 13448 of October 18, 2007 and Executive Order 13464 of April 30, 2008, BIS maintains restrictions on exports, reexports, and transfers to persons whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to Executive Orders 13310, 13448 or 13464. These persons include individuals and entities listed in the Annexes to Executive Orders 13310, 13448 and 13464, as well as other persons whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to those orders.

(a) License Requirements. (1) A license requirement applies to the export, reexport, or transfer of any item subject to the EAR (except for agricultural commodities, medicine, or medical devices, classified as EAR99 and destined for entities whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to Executive Orders 13310, 13448 or 13464) to—

(i) Persons listed in the Annexes to Executive Order 13310 of July 28, 2003, Executive Order 13448 of October 18, 2007 or Executive Order 13464 of April 30, 2008; or

(ii) Persons designated pursuant to Executive Order 13310, Executive Order 13448 or Executive Order 13464.

NOTE TO PARAGRAPH (A)(1): All persons listed in or designated pursuant to Executive Orders 13310, 13448, or 13464 are identified with the reference [BURMA] on OFAC’s list of Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons set forth in Appendix A to 31 CFR Chapter V and on OFAC’s Web site at http://www.treas.gov/OFAC. Consistent with guidance issued by OFAC on February 14, 2008, a person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to an Executive Order or regulations administered by OFAC is considered to have an interest in all property and interests in property of an entity in which it owns, directly or indirectly, a 50% or greater interest. The property and interests in property of such an entity are blocked, regardless of whether the entity itself is listed in the annex to an Executive order or otherwise designated pursuant to such order. The OFAC guidance on this topic is available at http://www.treas.gov/offices/enforcement/ofac/programs/common/licensing_guidance.pdf.

(2) To avoid duplication, U.S. persons are not required to seek separate BIS authorization for an export, reexport, or transfer to a person identified in paragraph (a) of this section of any item subject to both the EAR and regulations maintained by OFAC. Therefore, if OFAC authorizes an export
from the United States or an export, reexport, or transfer by a U.S. person to a person identified in paragraph (a) of this section, no separate authorization from BIS is necessary.

(3) U.S. persons must seek authorization from BIS for the export, reexport, or transfer to a person identified in paragraph (a) of this section of any item subject to the EAR (except for agricultural commodities, medicine, or medical devices, classified as EAR99 and destined for entities whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to Executive Orders 13310, 13448 or 13464) but not subject to regulations maintained by OFAC.

(4) Non-U.S. persons must seek authorization from BIS for the export from abroad, reexport, or transfer to a person identified in paragraph (a) of this section of any item subject to the EAR (except for agricultural commodities, medicine, or medical devices, classified as EAR99 and destined for entities whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to Executive Orders 13310, 13448 or 13464).

(5) Any export, reexport, or transfer to a person identified in paragraph (a) of this section by a U.S. person of any item subject both to the EAR and regulations maintained by OFAC and not authorized by OFAC is a violation of the EAR.

(6) Any export, reexport, or transfer by a U.S. person to a person identified in paragraph (a) of this section of any item subject to the EAR (except for agricultural commodities, medicine, or medical devices, classified as EAR99 and destined for entities whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to Executive Orders 13310, 13448 or 13464) that is not subject to regulations maintained by OFAC and not authorized by BIS is a violation of the EAR.

(7) These licensing requirements supplement any other requirements set forth elsewhere in the EAR.

(b) Exceptions. No License Exceptions or other BIS authorizations are available for export, reexport, or transfer to a person identified in paragraph (a) of this section of any item subject to the EAR (except for agricultural commodities, medicine, or medical devices, classified as EAR99 and destined for entities whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to Executive Orders 13310, 13448 or 13464).

(c) Licensing policy. Applications for licenses for the export, reexport, or transfer to a person identified in paragraph (a) of this section of any item subject to the EAR (except for agricultural commodities, medicine, or medical devices, classified as EAR99 and destined for entities whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to Executive Orders 13310, 13448 or 13464) will generally be denied. You should consult with OFAC concerning transactions subject to OFAC licensing requirements.

(d) Contract sanctity. Contract sanctity provisions are not available for license applications reviewed under this section, except as available under 31 CFR 537.210(c).

[74 FR 771, Jan. 8, 2009]

SUPPLEMENT NO. 1 TO PART 744—MILITARY END-USE EXAMPLES FOR §744.17

(a) Examples of military end-uses (as described in §744.17 (d) of this part) of general-purpose microprocessors classified as ECCN 3A991.a.1 includes employing such microprocessors in the "use", "development", "production", or deployment of:

1. Cruise missiles;
2. Electronic suites of military aircraft and helicopters;
3. Radar for searching, targeting, or tracking systems;
4. Command/control/communications or navigation systems;
5. Unmanned aerial vehicles capable of performing military reconnaissance, surveillance, or combat support;
6. Rocket or missile systems;
7. Electronic or information warfare systems; or
8. Intelligence, reconnaissance, or surveillance systems suitable for supporting military operations.