an ECCN on the CCL. (Not including parts and components for safety-of-flight, which will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis in accordance with paragraph (b)(2) of this section).

(vii) Cryptographic, cryptoanalytic, and crypto-logic items controlled any destination. These are items that contain an NS Column 1, NS Column 2, AT Column 1 or AT Column 2 in the Country Chart column of the “License Requirements” section of an ECCN on the CCL.

(viii) Submersible systems controlled under ECCN 8A992.

(ix) Scuba gear and related equipment controlled under ECCN 8A992.

(x) Pressurized aircraft breathing equipment controlled under ECCN 9A991.

(xi) Explosives detection equipment controlled under ECCN 2A983.

(xii) “Software” (ECCN 2D983) specially designed or modified for the “development”, “production” or “use” of explosives detection equipment controlled by 2A983.

(xiii) “Technology” (ECCN 2E983) specially designed or modified for the “development”, “production” or “use” of explosives detection equipment controlled by 2A983.

(xiv) Commercial charges and devices controlled under ECCN 1C992.

(xv) Computer numerically controlled machine tools controlled under ECCN 2B991.

(xvi) Aircraft skin and spar milling machines controlled under ECCN 2B991.

(xvii) Semiconductor manufacturing equipment controlled under ECCN 3B991.

(xviii) Digital computers with an Adjusted Peak Performance (APP) exceeding 0.0004 Weighted TeraFLOPS (WT).

(xix) Microprocessors with a processing speed of 0.5 GFLOPS or above.

(xx) Ammonium nitrate, including certain fertilizers containing ammonium nitrate, controlled under ECCN 1C997.

(xxi) Technology for the production of Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC) Schedule 2 and 3 Chemicals controlled under ECCN 1E355.

(2) Applications for export and reexport to North Korea of all other items described in paragraph (a) of this section, and not described by paragraph (b)(1) of this section, will generally be denied if the export or reexport is destined to a military end-user or for military end-use. Applications for non-military end-users or for non-military end-uses will be considered on a case-by-case basis. Applications to export or reexport humanitarian items intended for the benefit of the North Korean people; items in support of United Nations humanitarian efforts; and agricultural commodities and medical devices will generally be approved.

(3) Applications for export and reexport to North Korea of items described in paragraphs (c)(12), (c)(24), (c)(34), (c)(37), (c)(38), and (c)(45) of Supplement No. 2 to part 742 will generally be denied if the export or reexport is destined to nuclear end-users or nuclear end-uses. Applications for non-nuclear end-users or for non-nuclear end-uses, excluding items described in (c)(24)(iv)(A) of Supplement No. 2 to part 742, will be considered on a case-by-case basis.

(4) License applications for items reviewed under section 6(a) controls will also be reviewed to determine the applicability of section 6(j) controls to the transaction. When it is determined that an export or reexport could make a significant contribution to the military potential of North Korea, including its military logistics capability, or could enhance North Korea’s ability to support acts of international terrorism, the Secretaries of State and Commerce will notify the Congress 30 days prior to issuance of a license.

this supplement are for the guidance of exporters. Contract sanctity dates are estab-
lished in the course of the imposition of for-
eign policy controls on specific items and are the relevant dates for the purpose of licens-
ing determinations involving such items. If you believe that a specific contract sanctity
date is applicable to your transaction, you should include all relevant information with
your license application.

1. The contract sanctity date for exports to Iran or Syria of dimethyl methylenephosphonate,
phosphorous oxychloride, thioglycol, dimethylamine hydrochloride, dimethylamine, ethylene
chlorohydrin (2-chloroethanol), and potassium fluoride is 28 April 1988.
2. The contract sanctity date for exports to Iran or Syria of dimethyl phosphite (di-
methyl hydrogen phosphite), methyl phosphonyldichloride, 3-quinuclidinol, N,N-
diisopropylamino-ethane-2-thiol, N,N-diisopropylaminoethyl-2-chloride, 3-hydroxy-
1-methylpipperidine, trimethyl phosphite, phosphorous trichloride, and thionyl chlo-
ride is July 6, 1987.
3. The contract sanctity date for exports to Iran or Syria of items in ECCNs 1C351, 1C352, 1C353 and 1C354 is 22 February 1989.
4. The contract sanctity date for exports to Iran of dimethyl methylenephosphonate,
phosphorous oxychloride, and thioglycol is February 22, 1989.
5. The contract sanctity date for exports to Iran or Syria of potassium hydrogen fluo-
ride, ammonium hydrogen fluoride, sodium fluoride, sodium bifluoride, phosphorus
pentasulfide, sodium cyanide, triethanol-
amine, disopropylamine, sodium sulfide, and N,N-diyethylthanolamine is December 12, 1989.
6. The contract sanctity date for exports to all destinations (except Iran or Syria) of
phosphorous trichloride, trimethyl phosphite, and thionyl chloride is December 12, 1989.

For exports to Iran or Syria, paragraph (2) of this supplement applies.
7. The contract sanctity date for exports to all destinations (except Iran or Syria) of
2-chloroethanol and triethanolamine is January 15, 1991. For exports of 2-chloroethanol
to Iran or Syria, paragraph (1) of this Supple-
ment applies. For exports of triethanol-
amine to Iran or Syria, paragraph (5) of this Supple-
ment applies.
8. The contract sanctity date for exports to all destinations (except Iran or Syria) of
chemicals controlled by ECCN 1C350 is March 7, 1991, except for applications to export the fol-
lowing chemicals: 2-chloroethanol, di-
methyl methylenephosphonate, dimethyl phosphite (dimethyl hydrogen phosphite),
phosphorous oxychloride, phosphorous tri-
chloride, thioglycol, thionyl chloride tri-
ethylamine, and trimethyl phosphite. (See also paragraphs (6) and (7) of this Supple-
ment.) For exports to Iran or Syria, see para-
graphs (1) through (6) of this Supplement.
9. The contract sanctity date for exports and reexports of the following commodities
and technical data is March 7, 1991:
(a) Equipment (for producing chemical weapon precursors and chemical warfare agents) described in ECCNs 2B350 and 2B351;
(b) Equipment and materials (for produ-
bucing biological agents) described in ECCNs 1C351, 1C352, 1C353, 1C354, and 2B352; and
(c) Technology (for the development, pro-
duction, and use of equipment described in
ECCNs 1C351, 1C352, 1C353, 1C354, 2B350, 2B351, and 2B352) described in ECCNs 2E001, 2E002, and 2E301.
10. The contract sanctity date for export applica-
tions subject to §742.2(b)(3) of this part is March 7, 1991.
11. The contract sanctity date for reexports of chemicals controlled under ECCN
1C350 is March 7, 1991, except that the con-
tract sanctity date for reexports of these chemicals to Iran or Syria is December 12, 1989.
12. The contract sanctity date for reexports of human pathogens, zoonoses, toxins,
animal pathogens, genetically modified microorganisms and plant pathogens con-
trolled by ECCNs 1C351, 1C352, 1C353 and 1C354 is March 7, 1991.

NOTE: Exports and reexports of items in performance of contracts entered into before
the applicable contract sanctity date(s) will be eligible for review on a case-by-case basis
or other applicable licensing policies that were in effect prior to the contract sanctity
date. The contract sanctity dates set forth in this Supplement are for the guidance of ex-
porters. Contract sanctity dates are estab-
lished in the course of the imposition of for-
eign policy controls on specific items and are the relevant dates for the purpose of licens-
ing determinations involving such items. If you believe that a specific contract sanctity
date is applicable to your transaction, you should include all relevant information with
your license application. BIS will determine
any applicable contract sanctity date at the
time an application with relevant supporting
documents is submitted.

(a) Terrorist-supporting countries. The Sec-

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