Small Business Administration

INTERIM FINANCING

§ 120.890 Source of interim financing.
A Project may use interim financing for all Project costs except the Borrower’s contribution. Any source (including a CDC) may supply interim financing provided:
(a) The financing is not derived from any SBA program, directly or indirectly;
(b) The terms and conditions of the financing are acceptable to SBA;
(c) The source is not the Borrower or an Associate of the Borrower; and
(d) The source has the experience and qualifications to monitor properly all Project construction and progress payments. (If the source lacks such experience or qualifications, SBA may require the interim loan to be managed by a third party such as a bank or professional construction manager.)

§ 120.891 Certifications of disbursement and completion.
Before the Debenture is issued, the interim lender must certify the amount disbursed. The CDC must certify that the Project was completed in accordance with the final plans and specifications (except as provided in §120.961).

§ 120.892 Certifications of no adverse change.
Following completion of the Project, the following certifications must be made before the 504 loan closing:
(a) The interim lender must certify to the CDC that it has no knowledge of any unremedied substantial adverse change in the condition of the small business since the application to the interim lender;
(b) The Borrower (or Operating Company) must certify to the CDC that there has been no unremedied substantial adverse change in its financial condition or its ability to repay the 504 loan since the date of application, and must furnish interim financial statements, current within 120 days of closing; and
(c) The CDC must issue an opinion to the best of its knowledge that there has been no unremedied substantial adverse change in the Borrower’s (or Operating Company’s) ability to repay the 504 loan since its submission of the loan application to SBA.

PERMANENT FINANCING

§ 120.900 Sources of permanent financing.
Permanent financing for each Project must come from three sources: the Borrower’s contribution, Third-Party Loans, and the 504 loan. Typically, the Borrower contributes 10 percent of the permanent financing. Third-Party Loans 50 percent and the 504 loan 40 percent.

THE BORROWER’S CONTRIBUTION

§ 120.910 Borrower contributions.
(a) The Borrower must contribute to the Project cash (or property acceptable to SBA obtained with the cash) or land (that is part of the Project Property), in an amount equal to the following percentage of the Project cost, excluding administrative costs:
(1) At least 15 percent, if the Borrower (or Operating Company if the Borrower is an Eligible Passive Company) has operated for two years or less;
(2) At least 15 percent, if the Project involves the acquisition, construction, conversion, or expansion of a limited or single purpose building or structure;
(3) At least 20 percent, if the Project involves conditions described in paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section; or
(4) At least 10 percent, in all other circumstances.
(b) The source of the contribution may be a CDC or any other source except an SBA business loan program (see §120.913 for SBIC exception).
[64 FR 2118, Jan. 13, 1999]

§ 120.911 Land contributions.
The Borrower’s contribution may be land (including buildings, structures and other site improvements which will be part of the Project Property) previously acquired by the Borrower.
[68 FR 57987, Oct. 7, 2003]