

Department of the Navy, DoD

§ 751.27

(3) *Preparation of demands.* The carrier is liable for the full amount of substantiated damage to the mobile home itself (less estimate fees), plus up to \$250.00 for loss or damage to contents (unless the claimant purchased increased released valuation on the contents). Prepare a demand for this amount. In addition to the DD Form 1843 and DD Form 1844, the demand packet should include the following documents:

- (i) DD Form 1800, Mobile Home Inspection Record;
- (ii) DD Form 1863, Assessorial Services, Mobile Home;
- (iii) DD Form 1840/1840R, Joint Statement of Loss or Damage at Delivery/Notice of Loss;
- (iv) DD Form 1412, Inventory of Items Shipped in House Trailer;
- (v) DD Form 1841, Government Inspection Report;
- (vi) Driver's statement, from the driver of the towing vehicle;
- (vii) Claimant's statement concerning previous moves;
- (viii) Estimates of repair, preferably two, from firms in the business of repairing mobile homes; and
- (ix) Engineer's statement, or statement by other qualified professionals.

(4) *References.* Chapter 3 and Appendix E of DOD 4500.34-R, pertain to mobile home shipment and contain much valuable information. Another source is NAVSUP 490, Chapter 10 "Mobile Homes of Military Personnel."

§ 751.26 Demand on carrier, contractor, or insurer.

(a) *Carrier.* When property is lost, damaged, or destroyed during shipment under a GBL pursuant to authorized travel orders, the claims investigating officer or adjudicating authority (whichever can more efficiently perform the task) shall file a written claim for reimbursement with the carrier according to the terms of the bill of lading or contract. This demand shall be made against the last carrier known to have handled the goods, unless the carrier in possession of the goods when the damage or loss occurred is known. In this event, the demand shall be made against the responsible carrier. If it is apparent the damage or loss is attributable to packing,

storing or handling while in the custody of the Government, no demand shall be made against the carrier.

(b) *Marine Corps claimants.* For Marine Corps claimants, the claims investigating officer will prepare the claim against the carrier, contractor, and/or insurer and will mail it (together with the DD Form 1842 claim package) to the Commandant of the Marine Corps (MHP-40), who will submit and assume the responsibility of monitoring the claim against the carrier.

(c) *NTS warehousemen.* Whenever property is lost, damaged, or destroyed while being stored under a basic agreement between the Government and the warehouseman, the claims investigating officer, or appropriate Naval Legal Service Command (NLSC) activity, shall file a written claim for reimbursement with the warehouseman under the terms of the storage agreement.

(d) *Insurer.* When the property lost, damaged, or destroyed is insured, the claimant must make a demand against the insurer for payment under the terms of the insurance coverage within the time provided in the policy. If the amount claimed is clearly less than the policy deductible, no demand need be made. Failure to pursue a claim against available insurance will result in reducing the amount paid on the claim by the amount which could have been recovered from the insurer. When an insurer makes a payment on a claim in which the Government has made a recovery against the carrier or contractor, the insurer shall be reimbursed a pro rated share of any money recovered.

§ 751.27 Preparation and dispatch of demand packets.

Demand on a carrier or contractor shall be made in writing on DD Form 1843 (Demand on Carrier) with a copy of the adjudicated DD Form 1844 (Schedule of Property) attached.

(a) *Demand packets.* A demand is a monetary claim against a carrier, contractor, or insurer, to compensate for loss or damage incurred to personal property during shipment or storage. DD Form 1843 represents the actual demand. The demand packet is a group of documents, stapled together and sent